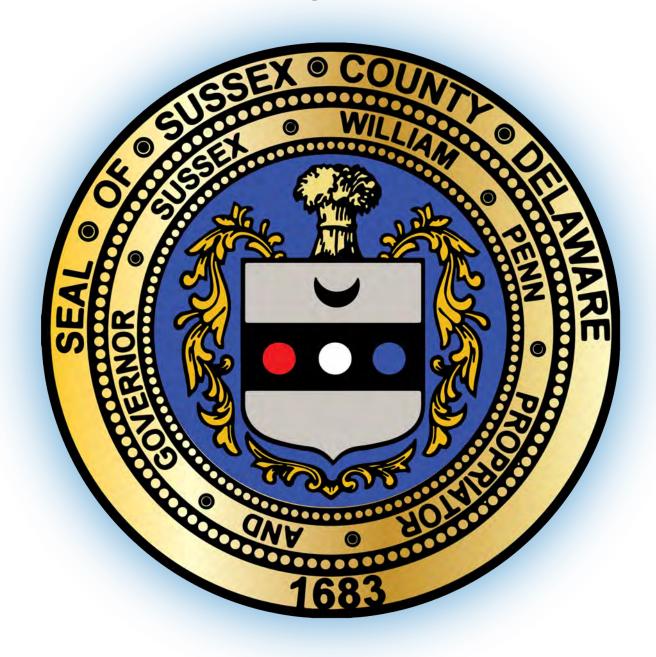
## SUSSEX COUNTY Delamare

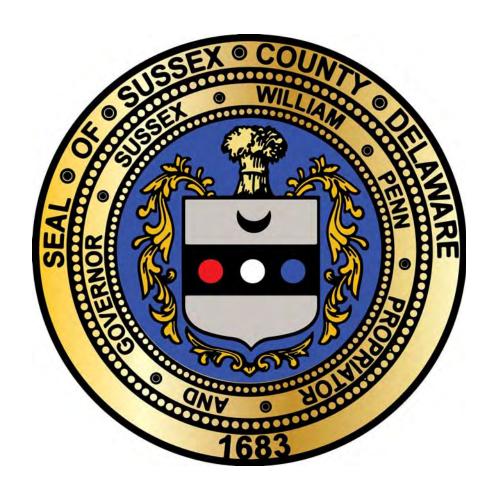


#### **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



Prepared by the Finance Department

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION



TODD F. LAWSON COUNTY ADMINISTRATOR



Sussex County

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE BUILDING
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December 21, 2015

The Honorable Sussex County Council President, Members of the Sussex County Council, and the Citizens of Sussex County:

We are pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Sussex County government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This report includes the annual financial statements as required by Delaware law, presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Sussex County, Delaware (the County). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. The County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the presentation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's internal control framework has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by BDO USA, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. A goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, federally mandated "single audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The single audit section of this report includes these reports and related information. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Sussex County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report from the independent auditor.

#### **Profile of Sussex County**

Sussex County is proud of the natural beauty, mix of small towns, rich history, and popular attractions that are found throughout our county. Sussex County is a rural county in transition, a community that, in some ways, represents a microcosm of the United States with developing, more urbanized seaside resorts to the east and industry and agriculture dominating the central and western landscape. Our county is the largest county in Delaware, comprising a total land area of approximately 938 square miles, or 48 percent of the State's total area, with a population estimated to be over 210,000 by the United States Census Bureau. The County is bordered on the east by the Atlantic Ocean, on the north by Kent County, Delaware, and on the south and west by that portion of the State of Maryland, which lies east of the Chesapeake Bay. The Town of Georgetown, the county seat, is situated in the center of the county. The county is within 200 miles of New York City, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, D.C., putting Sussex County within a short drive for millions of Americans.

The modern County government was established on July 23, 1970, replacing the Levy Court Commission with a Council-Administrator form of government. The government is composed of a legislative body - the County Council, and an administrative arm, County Administration that includes operating departments and offices, some of which are administrated by officials elected at-large and also known as Row Officers. The County Council, which has legislative powers, consists of five members who represent geographic districts. Council members are elected to four-year terms, which are staggered. The County Administrator and County Finance Director are appointed by the County Council. The County Administrator is responsible for the entire range of executive, administrative, and fiscal duties performed by all County departments.

Sussex County, Delaware, is a rural county with beaches along the Delaware Bay and Atlantic Ocean. According to the 2010 U.S. Census, Sussex County had a population increase of more than 25 percent from 2000 to 2010. The Delaware Population Consortium predicts that the population will increase another 14 percent from 2010 to 2020. The State of Delaware has never had a general sales tax, inventory tax, or State real property tax. Local property taxes are very low, making the county a desirable destination for new residents and retirees. The eastern portion of the county is home to most of Delaware's beaches and seaside resorts. Sussex's central and western areas are the backbone of Delaware's agriculture industry.

Sussex County is deeply rooted in history and tradition. One of the most unique events, of which the County is tremendously proud, is the biennial event known as Return Day. Return Day originated around 1790 and is set on The Circle in Georgetown, the County seat. Return Day is held two days after Election Day and was started so 'voters' could come to Georgetown to hear the 'returns', or results, of the elections. During this day, election results were read, food was served, and music was played. Some time later, a parade was started with both the winning and losing candidates riding together in open carriages and by the 1970s, the ceremonial act of 'burying the hatchet' began, symbolizing the end of the campaign season. The 2014 elections marked the 201st anniversary of this great Sussex tradition.

The County government provides a variety of services, which are mandated by State statute or County Code. Major public services include emergency medical services, mapping and addressing, libraries, and sewer service. The County also owns and maintains the Delaware Coastal Airport near Georgetown. The County provides emergency services including paramedics, emergency preparedness, emergency operations, and local emergency planning and communications. As the primary call center, Sussex County's Emergency Operations Center receives more than 100,000 9-1-1 calls a year. The Department of Libraries includes three County-managed libraries and a bookmobile. The County has 482 fulltime employees and 201 retirees. In Sussex County, a select group of elected officials preside over certain "row offices", or constitutional offices. These include the Marriage Bureau, Recorder of Deeds, Register of Wills, and the Sheriff's Office. These four offices provide services, such as issuing marriage licenses, recording of property deeds, wills, and other legal papers, and performing court-related duties. Each row office is managed by an elected official who is independent of the County Council, but the County government is responsible for each office's staffing, financial accountability, and annual budgets.

The County provides a variety of grant-in-aid funding to its residents, the largest being 71 percent for public safety agencies, such as local volunteer fire companies and State and local police. The County also assesses, bills, and collects school taxes for eight independent school districts, as well as property taxes for the County government. The County is the primary funding source for 11 local libraries, which are managed by independent library boards.

Sussex County continues to work on the expansion of wastewater services that are vital in meeting our environmental and population needs. The County serves more than 67,000 equivalent dwelling units (EDUs), and maintains and operates four treatment facilities. Fiscal year 2015 saw a 3 percent increase from fiscal year 2014's EDUs. The sewer and water districts' operating budget for fiscal year 2016 is \$37 million. The County has two enterprise funds: Dewey Water District and Unified Sewer District.

The annual budget is recommended by the County Administrator and approved by the County Council prior to July 1 of each year, which is the start of the County's fiscal year. The budget serves as a financial guide for the County. The budget includes a five-year capital project plan and proposed financing for projects. Please see Note A (Section 18 on page 37) for additional budget information. Budget-to-actual comparisons begin on page 62 through page 70.

#### **Economic Condition of Sussex County**

#### Local Economy

Sussex County has a diverse and dynamic local economy. The County has seen a steady uptick of economic activity the last few years. Sussex County employment is concentrated on a diverse assembly of sectors that interact continuously, including agriculture, tourism, healthcare, construction, retail sales, and education.

Agriculture continues to be Sussex County's leading industry, with the primary focus being grain production and poultry processing. Approximately 45 percent of the County's land (207,000 acres) contains 1,374 farms, where the average farm size is 196 acres. These active farms help employ 15,000 people in Sussex County.

The agriculture industry continues to thrive. The last census, completed in 2012, showed agriculture products increased 9 percent since 2007, which totaled \$921 million. There is no doubt that Sussex County is tops when it comes to agriculture. Not only is the County the top lima bean-producing county, Sussex County continues to be the top broiler poultry-producing county in the United States. To demonstrate how large Sussex County is when it comes to broiler chickens, the chicken industry in Delaware had an annual total economic impact of \$5.2 billion, with 90 percent of Delaware chickens grown in Sussex County.

The agriculture industry is now taking advantage of the County's second-leading industry, tourism. The 2015 Sussex County Profile reported that 18 Sussex County farms offered a tourism or recreational experience.

It is understandable why agriculture is getting into the tourism industry in Sussex County. According to Southern Delaware Tourism, an estimated \$850 million of Delaware's \$2 billion tourism revenue comes from sales in Sussex County. Tourism employs 15,000 workers in Sussex County, which increased 550 jobs in 2014 according to the Delaware Annual Economic Report. Using the growth in job statistics, this is the largest growing industry in Sussex County. People are attracted to the Atlantic coastline which offers sandy beaches, family activities, recreation, and shopping. The U.S. Natural Resources Defense Council gave some of Sussex County's beaches a five-star rating for ocean water quality and ranked Delaware first amount the 30 coastal states. If it isn't the beaches, the tax-free shopping also attracts tourism to the area. Along a two-mile stretch of Delaware Route 1, between Lewes and Rehoboth Beach, there are more than 130 outlet stores - employing more than 1,500 - offering a variety of products, such as clothing, tools, shoes, books, stereo equipment, gourmet food, and kitchen supplies. The Tanger Outlets have become a year-round destination for those who are attracted by reasonable prices and tax-free shopping in Delaware.

Another successful industry in Sussex County is manufacturing. In 2014, the Delaware Annual Economic Report stated that Sussex County led the State in adding 390 jobs. The major manufacturing sectors include aeronautical, construction, craft brewing/bottling, fabrication and pharmaceutical. Manufacturing companies significantly benefit from their Sussex County location with convenient access to transportation, low business costs, and business-friendly regulations. Recently, Grayling Industries/New ILC Dover took advantage of what Sussex County has to offer by relocating 115 jobs from Mexico. Our own industrial

park is a great example of how this industry is diverse and thriving. There are 21 businesses providing 880 jobs in manufacturing processing, packaging and service/delivery.

As the agriculture, tourism, and manufacturing industries grow, so does the healthcare industry that support these workers of these industries. Along with the growing retirement community, the level of healthcare and associated employment opportunities are continually growing. The three major healthcare employers in the County are Beebe Healthcare in Lewes, Bayhealth in Milford, and Nanticoke Health Services in Seaford. During this fiscal year, Peninsula Regional Health System opened a 48,000 square-foot "one-stop" healthcare center in Millsboro. These four healthcare groups, each with their own hospitals and/or satellite facilities in Sussex County, continue to expand their services and build partnerships in order to accommodate the needs of an ever-growing and aging population. Beebe Healthcare will celebrate its 100th year in 2016. They continue their commitment to serve Sussex County by recently revealing a \$200 million expansion. In addition, Nanticoke Health Services launched a \$5 million capital campaign in July to expand and renovate their emergency department. The Delaware Department of Labor Office of Occupational and Labor Market Information has ranked healthcare and social assistance second for employment in Sussex County. The Delaware Annual Economic Report shows that the healthcare industry added 520 jobs in 2014, falling only second to the tourism industry in job growth.

All of these industries continue to make Sussex strong. While the national unemployment rate, as stated by the Delaware Department of Labor, was 5.0 percent in October 2015 and Delaware's unemployment rate was 5.1 percent, Sussex County's unemployment - at 4.4 percent - was under those averages. Delaware's Annual Economic Report shows Sussex County added 2,680 jobs in 2014.

Strength in Sussex County's economy can also be seen in building activity from 2014 to 2015. Building permits are comparable to pre-2009 levels. As 2016 approaches, the building activity has continued to increase over the two previous years. The Sussex County Association of REALTORS® report that homes for sale are returning to pre-recession levels. Single family home sales continue to grow from the beginning of 2015, as well as sales compared to the same time in 2014. The average three-bedroom sold for \$262,330 in the first quarter of 2015 compared to \$246,198 last year. There was also a 12 percent reduction in inventory over last year.

In order for the County to continue to succeed, a community must have a quality educational system at its foundation. The County is honored to have public education schools that have earned the National Blue Ribbon distinction for excellence from the U.S. Department of Education. This award recognizes schools that have made significant progress in closing gaps in achievement, especially among disadvantaged and minority students.

When it comes to higher education, opportunity abounds in Sussex County. The Delaware Technical Community College (DTCC), and its 147-acre campus in Georgetown, offers associate's college degree programs in health, business, public service, engineering, and industrial education. In order to offer programs that complement the employment environment of Sussex County, DTCC created a paramedic program that helps the County fill positions with qualified medics. They also partnered with Sussex County to create an FAA-certified airframe maintenance degree located at the County's airport, which is filling a need in Delaware and the growing aviation industry.

The University of Delaware also has a strong presence in Sussex County that includes the DTCC campus, the College of Agriculture & Natural Resources near Georgetown, and the College of Earth, Ocean and Environment in Lewes. Other university services include Professional and Continuing Studies programs, Osher Lifelong Learning Institute programs, the Small Business and Technology Center and Cooperative Extension, and the Delaware Sea Grant College Program. Additionally, Delaware State University and Wilmington University offer courses at the DTCC campus in Georgetown providing bachelor's and master's degrees.

#### Financial Planning

The economy continued to improve in fiscal year 2015, and fiscal year 2016 has been keeping pace. Our local economy benefits from the attractiveness of our resorts and a strong agricultural base. The County got through the economic downturn without taking on taxpayer supported debt or increasing taxes, but we continue to be mindful of how volatile the economy can be. We budget with sustainability in mind; for example, all building related revenues were budgeted at 80 percent of anticipated collections for fiscal year 2016. The County has set up a plan to fund our capital improvements projects with excess realty transfer tax funds to ensure that the government can continue to invest in infrastructure without financially burdening future generations.

The fiscal year 2016 Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan includes \$21 million for the expansion and improvement of general fund services, such our paramedic system, emergency operations and airport, the Delaware Coastal Airport. The County understands that Delaware Coastal Airport is a vital part of Sussex County's economy. Forty percent, or \$4.2 million, of the fiscal year 2016 budget is appropriated to improve the airport. We will continue to apply for Federal aviation and State funding that pays up to 95 percent of these expenses. The Capital Improvement Plan also includes \$109 million for sewer expansion and upgrades. Funding for these projects include State Revolving Fund loans, State grants, Federal USDA loans and grants, and County contributions.

#### Significant Financial Policies

As interest rates continue to lag, it is the County's goal to invest all funds in a manner that provides the highest investment return using authorized instruments while meeting the County's acceptable risk level. In priority order, the primary objectives in investment activities shall be safety, liquidity, and yield. Please see Note B, on page 38 and 39, for additional information regarding cash and collateralization.

Preserving the Pension Trust Fund and the Post-Retirement Employee Benefit Trust Fund is a major objective of Sussex County. The County funds a defined benefit pension plan and a post-retirement Employee Benefit Trust for its employees. They are treated as fiduciary funds in the financial sections. The Pension Trust Fund is held with diversified, but complementary, investment managers. A pension committee, which meets quarterly, oversees the management of both plans and is responsible for making recommendations to the County Council regarding investments and funding. The County contracts with pension advisors to assist in providing the best strategy, protection, and investment guidelines for our pension.

Sussex County continues to strive for balanced budgets and sound financial planning in providing services for our residents. The County's focus, when creating a budget, is to keep

expenses within the current sources of revenue. A comprehensive review is done monthly by the Finance Department, which analyzes department expenditures and budget reports. These reviews are discussed in an open forum with the County Council on a quarterly basis to keep the members and the public informed of the current economic effects on revenues. Relevant financial topics and future strategies are also discussed with County Council. It is the County's fund balance policy to maintain an operating reserve within the range of 20 to 25 percent, which is considered "best practice".

Sussex County strives to demonstrate fiscally sound policies. It is important to serve the public with current revenue sources to ensure sustainability. The County practices financial conservatism that has allowed it to survive in a declining economy and time of economic change without taking on tax-supported debt or cutting services that would have affected residents and visitors.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Sussex County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the 13<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must also satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe the County's current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We believe that achieving this award is one example of Sussex County's commitment and dedication to the highest standards of financial management. The preparation of this report on a timely basis is the result of the tremendous efforts of County employees in the Finance and Accounting departments. We would especially like to thank those employees and the County auditors for their dedication to the completion of this report.

Per Moody's Investor Service, the County's bond rating from an Aa1. Moody's report for the County states, "This reflects the County's healthy financial position, maintained by prudent fiscal management that resulted in materially greater financial flexibility and stronger reserve levels."

We would also like to thank the County Council for their support in maintaining the strong financial position of our County by supporting fiscally sound financial policies. Appreciation is also expressed to all additional individuals who assisted in this effort.

Respectfully submitted,

Todd F. Lawson
County Administrator

Gina A. Jennings
Finance Director



#### Government Finance Officers Association

#### Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### Sussex County Delaware

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

#### SUSSEX COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE Elected Officials/ People Row Offices County Council Marriage Bureau Register of Wills Clerk of the Legal County Council County Boards Administrator Recorder of Deeds Sheriff Aging & Adults Advisory Economic Community **Building & Grounds** Administration Committee Development & Development Housing Board of **Emergency Medical** Emergency Information **Human Resources** Adjustment Services **Operations Center** Technology Board of Planning & Zoning Assessment Finance Engineering Assessment Review Billing **Building Code** Airport Libraries **Building Code** Environmental Constable Cashiering Appeal Board -Services Mapping & Collections Public Works -Addressing Bookmobile Finance Records Permits Library Advisory -Administration -Management Board Greenwood Safety/ Payroll Library -Security Utility -Administration -Construction Milton Personnel Board **Utility Permits** South Coastal Utility └─Planning Sussex County Government Planning & Zoning Commission

#### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

#### LIST OF ELECTED OFFICIALS

#### **JUNE 30, 2015**

<u>COUNCIL</u>	<b>Length of Service</b>	Term Expires
District 1 Michael H. Vincent (President)	7 years	Jan. 2017
District 2 Samuel R. Wilson (Vice President)	7 years	Jan. 2017
District 3 Joan R. Deaver	7 years	Jan. 2017
District 4 George B. Cole	29 years	Jan. 2019
District 5 Robert B. Arlett	6 months	Jan. 2019
Clerk of the Peace		
John Brady	3 years	Jan. 2017
Recorder of Deeds Scott Dailey	5 years	Jan. 2019
Register of Wills Cynthia Green	5 years	Jan. 2019
Sheriff Robert Lee	6 months	Jan. 2019

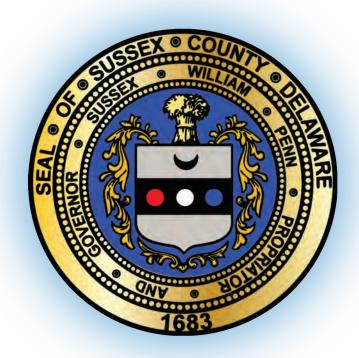
#### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

#### COUNTY DEPARTMENT HEADS & OTHER OFFICIALS

#### **JUNE 30, 2015**

	Length of Time in Position	Length of Service with the County	
County Administrator - Todd F. Lawson	3 years	4 years	
County Attorney - J. Everett Moore, Esquire	7 years	7 years	
Finance Director - Gina A. Jennings, MBA, MPA	2 years	9 years	
Deputy Finance Director - Kathy L. Roth, CPA	2 years	9 years	
County Engineer - Michael A. Izzo, P.E.	19 years	31 years	
Assessment Division Director - Christopher S. Keeler	1 year	21 years	
Community Development Program Director - Brad Whale	y 3 year	19 years	
Director of Engineering Accounting - Jeffrey James	21 years	36 years	
Director of Environmental Services - Heather Sheridan	29 years	39 years	
Director of Information Technology - Thomas Glenn	9 years	13 years	
Director of Sussex Airport and Industrial Park Operation - James A. Hickin	s 9 years	10 years	
Emergency Preparedness Director - Joseph L. Thomas	18 years	29 years	
Facilities Manager - Douglas J. Stoakley	5 years	21 years	
Human Resources Director - Karen Brewington	4 years	4 years	
Library Director - Kathy M. Graybeal	4 years	4 years	
Paramedic Director - Robert A. Stuart	4 years	23 years	
Planning and Zoning Director - Lawrence B. Lank	29 years	45 years	

# FINANGIAL SECTION





Tel: 302-656-5500 Fax: 302-656-8024 www.bdo.com

#### Independent Auditor's Report

The County Council of Sussex County, Delaware Georgetown, Delaware

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sussex County, Delaware (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sussex County, Delaware, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note S, in 2015, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. As a result, the July 1, 2014 beginning net position has been restated for the retrospective application for this new accounting guidance. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion on pages 4 through 18 and Required Supplementary Information on pages 58 through 61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, such as the introductory section, individual fund financial schedules, statistical section, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.



The individual fund financial schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2015 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BOD USA, LLP

December 21, 2015

#### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE

#### **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS**

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This section of the report offers an overview and analysis of the financial activity of Sussex County, Delaware, for the year ended June 30, 2015. Please consider this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) along with the additional information included in the letter of transmittal and other sections of the report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

- As of June 30, 2015, total government net position was \$475.1 million. Of this amount, \$101.8 million was unrestricted and may be used for ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$10.9 million during the year. The governmental activities' portion of the increase was \$5.2 million. The increase in the investment in governmental capital assets, net of related debt, was \$2.8 million; governmental restricted funds increased \$0.2 million; and increase in net position for the business-type activities was \$5.7 million. This increase is due to growth-related capital costs from sewer districts being built, as well as a decrease in the debt that funded those projects. The \$5.2 million increase in governmental activities' net position is a reflection of the growth of positive movement in County revenue. Operating expense budgets have remained at consistent levels, but revenues have increased. The County experienced these increases despite the recording of \$14.0 million of net pension liability as required by the implementation of GASB 68 in 2015.
- > The County has no outstanding General Fund bonded debt.
- ➤ In fiscal year 2010, Moody's Investors Service has raised its rating for Sussex County from Aa2 to Aa1. Moody's report on the County states, "This rating upgrade was due to the County's substantially improved and healthy financial position, maintained by prudent fiscal management that resulted in materially greater financial flexibility and stronger reserve levels". This reinforces our fiscal policies of conservative balanced budgeting and our commitment to maintaining healthy reserve levels. The County continues to sustain this rating.

#### Fund Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$100.4 million. This is an increase of \$4.0 million from the preceding year. Approximately \$36.3 million was unassigned, or available, for use to meet the County's current and future needs.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the County's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. Supplementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements, is also included. The Single Audit (Federal Funds) Supplement follows the supplementary information.

Management's
Discussion and Analysis

Fund Financial
Statements

Notes to the
Financial Statements

Supplementary
Information

Single Audit Supplement
(Federal Funds Audit)

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. This government-wide financial reporting includes two statements: the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Fiduciary activity is excluded from these statements because its resources are not available to finance other County programs.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of Sussex County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses reported in this statement will not impact cash flows until future fiscal periods.

Both the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities account separately for governmental activities and business-type activities.

➤ Governmental activities include General Administration, Finance, Human Resources, Building and Grounds, Information Technology, County Constable, Grant-in-Aid Programs, Planning and Zoning, Paramedic, Emergency Preparedness, Economic Development and Airpark, County

Engineering, Library, Community Development and Housing Programs, and Constitutional Offices.

> Business-type activities include Sussex County sewer and water districts, which are funded by user charges, assessment charges, and connection fees.

The government-wide financial statements immediately follow this MD & A on pages 19 and 20.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The next financial statements, beginning on page 21 of this report, are the fund financial statements. A fund is an accounting entity that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Sussex County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Sussex County's funds are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

➤ Governmental Funds - Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements do focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is for the current period, it is useful to compare this information with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Readers may then better understand the long-term impact of the government's current financing decisions. The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance include reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements (see pages 21 through 23).

Sussex County maintains two individual governmental funds, which include the general and capital project funds. These two funds are presented in separate columns on the governmental funds financial statements.

The basic financial statements include a budgetary comparison statement for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been included for the capital projects fund in the supplemental information. Sussex County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and capital projects funds.

- ➤ *Proprietary Funds* Sussex County's proprietary funds are solely enterprise funds, which operate in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Sussex County's proprietary funds include: Unified Sewer District and the Dewey Water District (see pages 25 through 28).
- Fiduciary Funds Sussex County has two fiduciary funds, the pension trust fund and the postretirement employee benefit trust fund. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's programs. The separate accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 and 30 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the financial statements found on pages 31 through 57 of this report provide additional information that is important for a better understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

#### Other Information

Pages 58 through 61 include required supplementary information regarding our fiduciary funds. Following are general fund and capital project fund budgetary comparison schedules and general fund revenue and expenditure schedules. The statistical section follows on pages 72 through 90 with additional County information. The Single Audit, a separate federal awards audit, follows the statistical section.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As previously noted, assets exceed liabilities by \$475.1 million as of June 30, 2015. Net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

The following table is a summary of the government-wide statement of net position:

#### SUSSEX COUNTY'S SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Government	
		2014		2014		2014
		Restated -		Restated -		Restated -
	2015	Note S	2015	Note S	2015	Note S
<b>Current and Other Assets</b>	\$121,928,065	\$118,011,882	\$100,513,871	\$ 96,502,840	\$222,441,936	\$214,514,722
Capital Assets	78,411,276	77,087,475	370,924,606	370,649,322	449,335,882	447,736,797
<b>Total Assets</b>	200,339,341	195,099,357	471,438,477	467,152,162	671,777,818	662,251,519
Deferred outflows of resources	1,921,029	-	2,036,982	1,590,115	3,958,011	1,590,115
Total assets and deferred						
outflows of resources	202,260,370	195,099,357	473,475,459	468,742,277	675,735,829	663,841,634
<b>Current and Other Liabilities</b>	23,681,087	12,906,870	6,124,688	2,437,719	29,805,775	15,344,589
Long-term Liabilities	5,524,717	14,369,213	165,272,644	169,906,863	170,797,361	184,276,076
Total Liabilities	29,205,804	27,276,083	171,397,332	172,344,582	200,603,136	199,620,665
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital						
Assets	77,934,592	75,152,173	207,515,115	204,051,102	285,449,707	279,203,275
Restricted	45,429,078	45,203,773	43,858,934	33,313,218	89,288,012	78,516,991
Unrestricted	49,690,896	47,467,328	50,704,078	59,033,375	100,394,974	106,500,703
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$173,054,566	\$167,823,274	\$302,078,127	\$ 296,397,695	\$475,132,693	\$464,220,969

A large portion of the County's net position (60.0 percent) is not available for future use since it represent amounts invested in capital (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment). This investment is net of any related debt that was used to acquire those assets still outstanding. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay outstanding debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The County's net investment in capital assets increased by \$6.2 million during fiscal year 2015. The largest increase in business-type activities was due the completion of Pump Station 207. The largest increase in governmental activities was the completion of the expansion of Runway 4-22.

Of the remaining \$189.7 million in net position, \$43.9 million is restricted for construction or capital costs incurred, or future sewer district expansion costs. For governmental activities, \$45.4 million represents realty transfer taxes and grant funds on hand, which are restricted for specific purposes. Realty transfer taxes must be used for public safety, economic development, public works, capital projects, infrastructure projects, or debt reduction. Planned uses of realty transfer taxes include buildings and improvements, industrial park infrastructure, and County airport improvements.

The remaining \$100.4 million in net position is unrestricted and may be used for ongoing obligations to citizens, customers, and creditors. The increase is due to the County's Fund Balance Policy to use restricted funds before unrestricted funds.

The following schedule shows the breakdown of changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Sussex County, Delaware Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Government	
			2014 as			
	2015	2014 as restated	2015	restated	2015	2014 as restated
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$11,330,741	\$11,845,198	\$21,472,609	\$20,140,538	\$32,803,350	\$31,985,736
Operating grants and contributions	6,444,501	6,945,600	14,749,008	15,605,163	21,193,509	22,550,763
Capital grants and contributions	1,217,668	6,751,045	3,245,590	2,798,600	4,463,258	9,549,645
General revenues:						
Property taxes	14,339,081	14,110,356	-	-	14,339,081	14,110,356
Fire service taxes	1,280,085	1,253,792	-	-	1,280,085	1,253,792
Realty taxes	22,212,933	20,894,160	-	-	22,212,933	20,894,160
Investment results	820,263	949,002	548,555	767,657	1,368,818	1,716,659
Total revenues	57,645,272	62,749,153	40,015,762	39,311,958	97,661,034	102,061,111
Expenses:						
Primary Government:						
General government	11,612,339	34,762,582	-	-	11,612,339	34,762,582
Planning and zoning	1,208,811	1,091,112	-	-	1,208,811	1,091,112
Paramedics	13,895,165	14,302,991	-	-	13,895,165	14,302,991
Emergency preparedness	3,317,424	3,531,682	-	-	3,317,424	3,531,682
County engineer	2,004,463	1,721,971	-	-	2,004,463	1,721,971
Library	4,194,436	4,208,141	-	-	4,194,436	4,208,141
Economic development and airpark	2,348,642	2,145,727	-	-	2,348,642	2,145,727
Community development	1,772,497	1,878,873	-	-	1,772,497	1,878,873
Grant-in-aid program	9,931,773	7,863,936	-	-	9,931,773	7,863,936
Constitutional offices	2,419,518	2,459,691	-	-	2,419,518	2,459,691
Business-type activities			34,044,242	39,689,896	34,044,242	39,689,896
Total expenses	52,705,068	73,966,706	34,044,242	39,689,896	86,749,310	113,656,602
Change in net position before transfers	4,940,204	(11,217,553)	5,971,520	(377,938)	10,911,724	(11,595,491)
Transfers	291,088	(9,390)	(291,088)	9,390	-	-
Change in net position	5,231,292	(11,226,943)	5,680,432	(368,548)	10,911,724	(11,595,491)
Net position-beginning as restated	167,823,274	179,050,217	296,397,695	296,766,243	464,220,969	475,816,460
	\$173,054,566	\$167,823,274	\$302,078,127	\$296,397,695	\$475,132,693	\$464,220,969

#### Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased net position by \$5.2 million during fiscal year 2015. This represents 3.1 percent of the total increase in net position for the year. Governmental activities include the general fund and capital projects fund.

General revenues total \$38.7 million for fiscal year 2015 for governmental activities. This includes \$22.2 million received from realty transfer taxes. This is a \$1.3 million, or 6.3 percent, increase from fiscal year 2014. Realty transfer tax has increased three years in a row, which is a sign that the real estate market keeps improving in Sussex County.

The pie chart below shows the allocation of our governmental revenues.

# Unrestricted Investment Earnings 1% Charges for Services 20% Realty Transfer Tax 39% Operating Grants and Contributions 11% Capital Grants and Contributions 25% Fire Service 29%

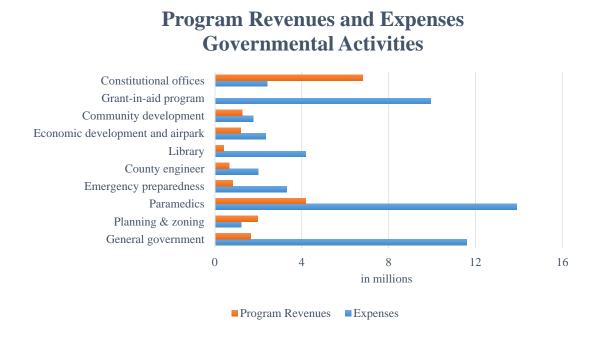
#### Revenues by Source - Governmental

Total Governmental Revenues decreased \$5.1 million. Although economy-driven revenues kept pace with fiscal year 2014, our capital grants were \$5.5 million less than the previous year. In fiscal year 2014, the County received \$4.9 million in capital grants for the Delaware Coastal Airport. Charges for services decreased \$0.5 million. Constitutional revenues, specifically the Sheriff revenues, drove the decrease in charges for services. Constitutional revenue is 60.1 percent of all governmental charges for services. The Sheriff's Department decrease was due to the economy improving with less properties going to Sheriff sale.

Excluding the restatement of the pension expense in fiscal year 2014, total expenses were up \$2.7 million, or 5.4 percent, from fiscal year 2014. The largest increase was \$2.1 million for the Grant-in-aid program. The County anticipated additional revenue in fiscal year 2014 that was budgeted to be spent in fiscal year 2015 once it was verified with the audit. These additional funds were used as one-time grants to human

service agencies, local law enforcement agencies, town economic development initiatives, independent libraries, and fire companies.

The following bar chart compares revenues and expenses for each governmental activity.



The population growth of the County over the last few years has impacted the Paramedic Department and the Sussex County Emergency Operations Center possibly more than any other County services. The Sussex County Emergency Operation Center is the largest dispatch center in Sussex County. Due to the increase in both tourism and permanent residents, 9-1-1 calls have increased 19.7 percent over the last 10 years.

The Paramedic Department is the County's largest department in terms of expenditures and employees. Our residents and visitors rely on this valuable County service. The paramedics were dispatched 33.2 percent more this year than 10 years ago. The County has had to develop cost-saving procedures without jeopardizing the quality of service being provided by the paramedics. The County's goal is to purchase property where our paramedic stations are located. Currently, we lease many buildings in different strategic locations throughout the county. As these leases come up for renewal, we are exploring the option to buy rather than rent. To date, we have built four of our eight medic stations. The fifth station will begin to be built in fiscal year 2016.

During fiscal year 2015, the County provided \$9.9 million in grant-in-aid programs for a variety of local organizations as part of a program to benefit County residents. These grants included local historical societies, senior centers, educational, recreation, arts, housing, and agriculture programs. The County also has grant programs to assist low-income taxpayers in meeting their property tax obligation or sewer bills. The County continues to supplement the State Police and local law enforcement with a \$2.8 million contribution. The volunteer fire service and ambulance companies received over \$4.2 million in grant funding during fiscal year 2015. A variety of community grants, in the amount of \$2.9 million, were given to local non-profit organizations, senior centers, libraries, food pantries, and housing assistance programs.

#### **Business-type Activities**

Sussex County's water and sewer funds had an increase in net position of \$5.7 million during fiscal year 2015. The income before capital contributions and transfers was \$5.4 million. Our sewer districts continue to grow, bringing in additional income. The number of equivalent dwelling units increased more than 1,675 from fiscal year 2014. The pie chart reflects revenues by source.

Capital Grants and Contributions

8%

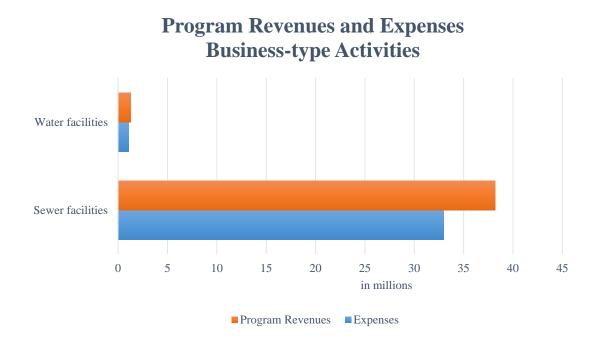
Operating Grants and Contributions

36%

Charges for Services

53%

The following bar chart shows that program revenues for both sewer and water facilities.



- ➤ The County received \$5.5 million in connection fees for new growth in the water and sewer districts; this is a 1.9 percent decrease over last year's collection of \$5.6 million. Although there was a small decrease this year, connection fee income has increased more than 34.6 percent since fiscal year 2013 due to the housing market. Although the economy is improving, an increase in this category is a direct result of our sewer districts expanding into new areas.
- The County continues to improve and expand the policy to consolidate our sewer districts into a unified fund and to move towards uniform sewer rates for all districts.
- Fiscal year 2015 expenses included projects to maintain, rebuild, and renovate our current facilities; this ranges from vehicle replacements, treatment plant improvements, and pump station rebuilds.
- ➤ The largest completed sewer project this year was the completion of Pump Station 207 in the amount of \$4.7 million.

#### **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

As previously noted, Sussex County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental fund accounting provides information on available or spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements for operations. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for current and future needs.

During fiscal year 2015, fund balances of the County's governmental funds increased \$4.0 million. This increase is a result of the \$22.2 million collected in realty transfer tax. The County budgeted \$16.0 million that caused revenues to exceed budgeted revenues by \$6.2 million in this single revenue category.

For the general fund, fiscal year 2015 finished with a decrease in fund balance of \$0.4 million. Page 77 in the financial section shows a history of Sussex County's revenues and expenses for the general fund since 1978. As shown, we have had some financially strong years, in particular from 1991 through 2006.

Fund balance financial reporting is more detailed and there are increased disclosures to help with understanding the availability of resources, which improves the usefulness and understanding of fund balance information. Some of the more significant assignments in fund balance are for economic development, open space, and various grants. Assigned fund balance also includes possible future reassessment, economic development marketing plan, and information technology projects.

During fiscal year 2001, the County defeased all tax supported bonded debt. The County has not incurred any tax supported bonded debt for the general fund since then.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Sussex County's pension fund is a defined benefit plan. The annual contribution is determined during the budgetary process. During fiscal year 2015, \$5.8 million was contributed to the pension plan. The fund saw an increase from investment earnings, net of investment expenses, in the amount of \$4.1 million. The County's Pension Plan is 84.2 percent funded according to the latest actuarial report. As of June 30, 2015, assets held in this account were valued at over \$74.2 million.

In fiscal year 2015, an experience study was performed to make sure the County's actuarial assumptions accurately reflected past performance. As a result, the actuarial assumptions were adjusted. See Note F on pages 44 and 45 for these assumptions. As January 1, 2013, new employees are required to contribute 3 percent of their gross salary to the pension plan.

During fiscal year 2005, the County established an irrevocable fund for other post-retirement employee benefits, or "OPEB". The OPEB Plan is currently 73.5 percent funded. As of June 30, 2015, assets held in this account were valued at \$31.4 million. For fiscal year 2015, the contribution to this fund was \$2.2 million. Due to the County's commitment and forethought in prior years, our funding level of this fund is unusually high in comparison with other municipalities.

In fiscal year 2015, there were 215 retirees and beneficiaries in the pension plan. Beneficiary payments for both funds totaled \$5.4 million.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information as in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities. Net position totaled \$302.1 million - a \$5.7 million, or 1.9 percent, increase over last year. Restricted net position include amounts set aside for construction and future capital costs. Connection fees received are to be used for capital costs.

Please refer to the government-wide financial statement information regarding business-type activities for additional discussion regarding proprietary funds.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

#### Budget Goals and Initiatives

The County prepares its budget with the following goals in mind: to balance the budget, to maintain an acceptable reserve, no general fund debt, to continue to fund the pension and OPEB plans, and to provide high quality services to the residents of Sussex County. The County continues to strive to promote and develop new and existing businesses, as well as expand and diversify the employment base. We encourage coordination efforts with other private and governmental agencies to proactively attempt to obtain additional and improved employment opportunities for Sussex County. A goal has been to diversify the County's economy to ensure business activity during economic down cycles.

#### Revenue and Appropriation Budgets

Total budgeted revenues, expenditures, and other financing uses are equal to the original approved budget, with adjustments for any approved budget transfers, for fiscal year 2015. During the year, the County Administrator approves budget transfers for expenditures from department heads. The approved budget transfers include increases in certain line items for requested expenditures, which were offset by decreases in other departmental line items and/or the budget for contingencies. Some of the largest transfers from budgeted contingencies to individual line items, as approved by the County Administrator during the year, were for library grants (\$550,000), additional pension contribution (\$523,000), fire company grants (\$520,000), and insurance cost increases (\$312,000).

#### Budget to Actual - Revenue

The fiscal 2015 budget increased 3.6 percent over the previous year. The increase was due to the anticipated surplus from fiscal year 2014 and an increase to the pension contribution. With uncertainty of the economy, it is important that the County keeps expenses low while providing a consistent level of service. When the economy shows improvement, the County funds future obligations, such as the pension or the capital fund. In fiscal 2015, actual general fund revenues and other financing sources were over budgeted revenues by \$4.9 million as noted on page 63. The largest revenue source over budget was realty transfer tax; this revenue exceeded what was budgeted in the general fund by \$6.2 million. All of this additional revenue was transferred to the capital improvement fund to cover large projects.

#### **Budget to Actual - Expenditures**

Before other financing uses, expenditures uses were under budget by \$794,964 as noted on page 69. Many departments finished the fiscal year under their budget projections. The section that exceeded the budget the greatest was the Engineering Department, which exceeded the budget by \$97,363 due to not being able to allocate as many expenses to the sewer funds as anticipated. The overage in the Finance Department is also from the allocation of sewer expense.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

As per the chart below, capital assets (net of depreciation) are valued at \$449.3 million as of June 30, 2015. Note E, on pages 40 and 41, includes additional information.

Sussex County, Delaware Capital Assets
As of June 30, 2015 and 2014
(net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Government	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Land	\$ 18,236,796	\$ 17,174 285	\$ 39,678,240	\$39,594,004	\$ 57,915,036	\$ 56,768,289
Construction in Progress	685,883	9,968,409	6,562,524	4,557,371	7,248,407	14,525,780
Buildings	32,379,558	32,544,545	30,332,112	31,122,657	62,711,670	63,667,202
Improvements Other Than Buildings	25,224,407	15,398,663	3,893,579	4,190,561	29,117,986	19,589,224
Machinery and Equipment	1,884,632	2,001,573	2,048,496	2,558,630	3,933,128	4,560,203
Infrastructure		-	288,409,655	288,626,099	288,409,655	288,626,099
Total	\$ 78,411,276	\$ 77,087,475	\$ 370,924,606	\$ 370,649,322	\$ 449,335,882	\$ 447,736,797

The major governmental capital projects completed in fiscal year 2015 was the expansion of Runway 4-22. Both the decrease in Construction in Progress and the increase in Improvements Other Than Buildings was a result of the runway expansion. The County has spent \$1.3 million more in fiscal year 2015 over 2014 for governmental capital assets.

The following are highlights of the major capital sewer projects under way during fiscal year 2015, which will expand the County's sewer system to serve more residents and protect the environment:

- > major upgrades and renovations to existing infrastructure such as pump stations;
- > construction and completion of a large pump station for the West Rehoboth Sewer District;
- construction continues on a major treatment plant expansion project at the Inland Bays Regional Wastewater Facility;
- > expansion of the Millville Sewer District began.

#### Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the County had \$158 million in outstanding bonds payable. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Sussex County Government, although revenues from sewer and water districts are being used to pay the debt service for this debt. This debt was solely used to fund business-type water and sewer activities. There is no general fund bonded debt.

#### SUSSEX COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

#### As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

General Bonds

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	ype Activities	Total Government		
	2	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
General Obligation Bonds	\$	- \$		- \$ 157,980,947	\$ 159,460,288	\$ 157,980,947	\$ 159,460,288
Total	\$	- \$		- \$ 157,980,947	\$ 159,460,288	\$ 157,980,947	\$ 159,460,288

During the year, funds were granted and borrowed from the State of Delaware Revolving Fund Loan Program and the United States Department of Agriculture for sewer construction. The funding from these two agencies provides affordable sewer to our County residents. These funds are borrowed at a low interest rate for long terms.

In fiscal year 2010, Standard & Poor's affirmed the County's AA bond rating. They reported that the County has a "modest, but diverse, local economy, a tax base still experiencing growth, continued strong financial performance, and low debt levels due to self-supporting utilities and a capital improvement plan not expected to increase debt pressures." Standard & Poor's also stated, "the stable outlook reflects the stability of Sussex County's local economy and financial performance". In addition, the outlook reflects Standard & Poor's expectations that the County will continue to maintain its strong fund balance position and manageable debt burden as it continues to address its capital needs. The County has maintained this bond rating since 2010.

Additional debt information is included in Note I, on pages 49 through 53 of the report.

#### **Economic Factors in Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

#### **Economic Factors**

The budget committee continues to forecast the effect of the economy on our revenues. The goal is to maintain operations without depending on a robust economy that brings in additional revenues. The committee wants to make sure that our government is sustainable without adding burden to the taxpayers. Our reserves are strong and healthy because of fiscally sound financial policies.

➤ While the national unemployment rate, as stated by the Delaware Department of Labor, was 5.0 percent in October 2015 and Delaware's unemployment rate was 5.1 percent, Sussex County's unemployment - at 4.4 percent - was under those averages.

- ➤ The fiscal year 2015's budget was consistent with 2014. Fiscal year 2015 saw increases as the housing market continued to rebound. Budget revenues for fiscal year 2016 are 2.9 percent over fiscal year 2015. County's property tax assessments saw a larger increase of 3.3 percent. Although actual revenues for fiscal year 2015 came in much higher than budgeted revenues, the budget committee chose to keep revenues fairly even by budgeting 20 percent of expected building-related revenues.
- Agriculture continues as a mainstay in Sussex County. The County leads the nation in broiler poultry and lima bean production.
- Tourism is a major industry in Sussex County with outlet shopping located on the East Coast corridor. According to Southern Delaware Tourism, an estimated \$850 million in tourism revenue comes from sales in Sussex County. These outlets attract customers from other counties and states. Having no state sales tax is an additional draw for outlet shoppers.
- To date, realty transfer tax revenue is higher than last fiscal year and reflects the attractiveness of the Sussex lifestyle and low cost of living, which brings more tourists and retirees here.

#### Fiscal Year 2016 Budget and Rates

The major goal of the fiscal year 2016 budget was to continue to operate without raising taxes or increasing fees, but still able to provide an excellent level of service to our residents. The fiscal year 2016 budget was put together with sustainability in mind. The budget committee remains cautiously optimistic by not creating a budget that relies on volatile revenue sources. As revenues for fiscal year 2016 are tracked, there is a sign of slow growth in the economy in Sussex County.

The fiscal year 2016 general fund budget shows a \$1.5 million increase in expenses from fiscal year 2015; this has to do with additional grant funding. The contract to provide additional State Troops increased by \$90,000. There was also an increase in funding for the 11 independent libraries. Throughout the fiscal year 2016 budget, there is an increase in health insurance costs. The County did a request for proposal in fiscal year 2015 and is optimistic that savings will be realized in fiscal year 2016.

The fiscal year 2016 capital improvements budget includes a \$3.0 million transfer of realty transfer tax revenue. These previous collected revenues help the County continue investing in its infrastructure. The County has a practice of setting funds aside for large capital projects. Our goal is to use available funds for these projects instead of borrowing through bond issues. As a result of this practice, the County can be proud that there is no general fund bonded debt. Conservative budgeting, both now and in the past, has enabled the County to not raise property taxes for another year.

The fiscal year 2016 sewer and water budget increased by 7.6 percent. This budget continues the process to establish and move towards a uniform service charge and connection fee for our sewer districts. The budget also includes a minimal service charge rate increase to help cover rising costs and major maintenance needs that we are incurring as our infrastructure ages. The fees cover four wastewater treatment facilities, one water facility and tower, over 487 pump stations, and over 865 miles of pipe.

The five-year capital improvement plan of \$129.2 million includes \$108.6 million for sewer projects and improvements, as well as \$20.6 million for other projects, such as improving the Delaware Coastal Airport, expanding our paramedic infrastructure, building and purchasing a new mobile command unit, and renovating the County's Administration Building.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide an overview of Sussex County's finances and provide a meaningful picture of our County. This report is available on the County's website at <a href="https://www.sussexcountyde.gov">www.sussexcountyde.gov</a>. Any questions concerning this report, or requests for additional information, should be addressed to:

Mrs. Gina A. Jennings
Finance Director
Sussex County Council
2 The Circle
P.O. Box 589
Georgetown, DE 19947
Telephone: (302) 855-7741



	Primary Government			
	Governmental	Business-type		
	<b>Activities</b>	<u>Activities</u>	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 46,916,638	\$ 60,875,488	\$ 107,792,126	
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts:				
Taxes	1,545,197	-	1,545,197	
Service charges	-	2,459,092	2,459,092	
Assessments and connection	593,795	1,611,838	2,205,633	
Accrued interest	94,558	111,270	205,828	
Miscellaneous	249,191	47,318	296,509	
Employee advances	348,386	178,775	527,161	
Due from other governmental agencies	2,674,890	333,171	3,008,061	
Internal balances	8,894,774	(8,894,774)	-	
Inventory	24,026	227,763	251,789	
Prepaid items	80,336	-	80,336	
Net other postemployment benefit asset	4,060,182	1,247,245	5,307,427	
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments	55,218,773	42,316,685	97,535,458	
Loans receivable	1,227,319	-	1,227,319	
Capital assets:	1,227,517		1,227,317	
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	18,922,679	46,240,764	65,163,443	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	59,488,597	324,683,842	384,172,439	
Total assets	200,339,341	471,438,477	671,777,818	
Total assets	200,339,341	4/1,436,4//	0/1,///,010	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows from pension	1,921,029	590,120	2,511,149	
Deferred gain on refunding of bonds	1,921,029	1,446,862	1,446,862	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,921,029	2,036,982	3,958,011	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,921,029	2,030,982	3,930,011	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	4,140,821	2,003,168	6,143,989	
Accrued interest payable	-	788,942	788,942	
Employee health claims payable	868,280	-	868,280	
Unearned revenue	454,139	50,981	505,120	
Deposits	7,535,200	=	7,535,200	
Net pension liability	10,682,647	3,281,597	13,964,244	
Long-term liabilities:	, ,	, ,	, ,	
Due within one year	2,193,045	8,702,893	10,895,938	
Other due in more than one year	3,331,672	156,569,751	159,901,423	
Total liabilities	29,205,804	171,397,332	200,603,136	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	77,934,592	207,515,115	285,449,707	
Restricted for:	,,, =,=, =	,, , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,	
Capital, public safety and economic development	45,138,996	_	45,138,996	
Grant expenses	290,082	_	290,082	
Construction and capital	270,002	43,858,934	43,858,934	
Unrestricted	49,690,896	50,704,078	100,394,974	
Total Net Position	\$ 173,054,566	\$ 302,078,127	\$ 475,132,693	
Total Pet Losition	Ψ 175,054,500	ψ 302,070,127	Ψ 713,134,073	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

			Program Revenue	es	Net Revenue (E	xpense) and Chang	es in Net Position
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governme	ent
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
<b>Function/Programs</b>	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	11,612,339	1,638,637	14,346	43	(9,959,313)	-	(9,959,313)
Planning & zoning	1,208,811	1,672,188	-	300,000	763,377	-	763,377
Paramedics	13,895,165	12,803	3,991,553	191,234	(9,699,575)	-	(9,699,575)
Emergency preparedness	3,317,424	17,500	808,968	-	(2,490,956)	-	(2,490,956)
County engineer	2,004,463	660,738	-	_	(1,343,725)	-	(1,343,725)
Library	4,194,436	38,404	366,778	8,389	(3,780,865)	-	(3,780,865)
Economic development and airpark	2,348,642	477,689	7,136	718,002	(1,145,815)	-	(1,145,815)
Community development	1,772,497	_	1,255,720	_	(516,777)	-	(516,777)
Grant-in-aid program	9,931,773	_	· · · · · -	-	(9,931,773)	-	(9,931,773)
Constitutional offices	2,419,518	6,812,782	_	-	4,393,264	-	4,393,264
Total governmental activities	52,705,068	11,330,741	6,444,501	1,217,668	(33,712,158)	-	(33,712,158)
Business-type activities:							
Sewer facilities	32,982,881	20,248,738	14,720,499	3,245,133	-	5,231,489	5,231,489
Water facilities	1,061,361	1,223,871	28,509	457	-	191,476	191,476
Total business-type activities	34,044,242	21,472,609	14,749,008	3,245,590		5,422,965	5,422,965
Total primary government	\$ 86,749,310	\$ 32,803,350	\$ 21,193,509	\$ 4,463,258	(33,712,158)	5,422,965	(28,289,193)
		General revenue	es:				
		Taxes: Proper	ty & capitation		14,339,081	-	14,339,081
		Fire se	rvice		1,280,085	-	1,280,085
		Realty	transfer		22,212,933	-	22,212,933
		Unrestricted in	nvestment results		820,263	548,555	1,368,818
		Transfers			291,088	(291,088)	-
		Total general	revenues and transf	fers	38,943,450	257,467	39,200,917
		Change in r	net position		5,231,292	5,680,432	10,911,724
		_	eginning as restated	l (Note S)	167,823,274	296,397,695	464,220,969
		Net position - er	nding		\$173,054,566	\$ 302,078,127	\$ 475,132,693

5,287,501

1,921,029

\$173,054,566

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 46,916,638	\$ -	\$ 46,916,638	
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts:				
Taxes	1,545,197	-	1,545,197	
Assessments and connection	593,795	-	593,795	
Accrued interest	88,474	6,084	94,558	
Miscellaneous	249,191	-	249,191	
Employee advances	348,386	-	348,386	
Due from other governmental agencies	1,676,712	998,178	2,674,890	
Due from other funds	8,894,774	=	8,894,774	
Inventory	24,026	=	24,026	
Prepaid items	80,336	-	80,336	
Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments	42,103,215	13,115,558	55,218,773	
Total Assets	102,520,744	14,119,820	116,640,564	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURSES, AND Liabilities:	D FUND BALANCE	cs		
Accounts payable and other accrued expenditures	3,657,944	482,877	4,140,821	
Employee health claims payable	868,280	402,077	868,280	
Unearned revenue	454,139	_	454,139	
Deposits	7,535,200	_	7,535,200	
Total Liabilities	12,515,563	482,877	12,998,440	
Deferred inflows of resources:	12,313,303	402,077	12,770,440	
Unavailable revenues	2,830,610	454,809	3,285,419	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,830,610	454,809	3,285,419	
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable	452,748	-	452,748	
Restricted	42,832,105	13,182,134	56,014,239	
Committed	798,817	_	798,817	
Assigned	7,168,799	_	7,168,799	
Unassigned	35,922,102	_	35,922,102	
Total fund balances	87,174,571	13,182,134	100,356,705	
Total liabilities deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 102,520,744	\$ 14,119,820		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Sta Capital assets used in governmental activities are no	t financial resources	on are different bec	eause: 78,411,276	
1				
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the of therefore are not reported in the fund-level statement			(16,207,364)	
Certain tax and grant revenue do not provide current reported as unavailable revenue in the fund-level sta	t financial resources a tements.		3,285,419	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for cu	urrent period expellal	tures and,	5 207 501	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period

therefore, are recognized in the fund-level statements.

Net position of governmental activities

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 37,942,825	\$ -	\$ 37,942,825
Intergovernmental	5,721,942	1,411,861	7,133,803
Charges for services	11,658,482	-	11,658,482
Fines and forfeits	26,545	-	26,545
Investment earnings	820,263	-	820,263
Miscellaneous revenue	293,005	351,042	644,047
Total revenues	56,463,062	1,762,903	58,225,965
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	11,836,055	-	11,836,055
Planning & zoning	1,206,406	-	1,206,406
Paramedics	13,642,338	-	13,642,338
Emergency preparedness	3,043,865	-	3,043,865
County engineer	2,076,929	-	2,076,929
Library	3,926,313	-	3,926,313
Economic development and airpark	1,149,845	-	1,149,845
Community development	1,738,379	-	1,738,379
Grant-in-aid	9,931,773	-	9,931,773
Constitutional offices	2,392,219	-	2,392,219
Capital projects		3,563,636	3,563,636
Total expenditures	50,944,122	3,563,636	54,507,758
Excess of (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	5,518,940	(1,800,733)	3,718,207
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	376,588	6,212,933	6,589,521
Transfers out	(6,298,433)	-	(6,298,433)
Total other financing sources and uses	(5,921,845)	6,212,933	291,088
Net change in fund balances	(402,905)	4,412,200	4,009,295
Fund balances - beginning	87,577,476	8,769,934	96,347,410
Fund balances - ending	\$ 87,174,571	\$ 13,182,134	\$100,356,705

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

let change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 4,009,295
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in		
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful	lives and reported as	
depreciation expense. The net change is as follows:	¢ 4007.220	
Capital outlays	\$ 4,067,328	1 220 744
Depreciation	(2,737,584)	1,329,744
In the statement of activities, only the loss on the sale of capital asse	ts is reported. However,	
in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase finan-	•	
change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the		
sold.	-	(5,941)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current finan	cial resources are not	
reported as revenues in funds. The net change is as follows:		
Economic development and neighborhood stabilization loans	\$ (140,315)	
Grants	(370,767)	
Property taxes	(110,726)	(621,808)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the	use of current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmen		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government	(120,160)	
Compensated absences	130,938	
Compensated absences	437,124	
Net pension liability		
Net pension liability  Net other pension postemployment benefit cost		
Net pension liability	49,000 23,100	520,002

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 31,032,086	\$ 31,032,086	\$ 37,942,825	\$ 6,910,739
Intergovernmental	6,357,800	6,357,800	5,721,942	(635,858)
Charges for services	10,650,620	10,650,620	11,658,482	1,007,862
Fines and forfeits	22,000	22,000	26,545	4,545
Investment earnings	400,000	400,000	820,263	420,263
Miscellaneous revenue	182,080	182,080	293,005	110,925
Total Revenues	48,644,586	48,644,586	56,463,062	7,818,476
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	11,472,395	12,098,237	11,836,055	262,182
Planning & zoning	1,255,298	1,271,518	1,206,406	65,112
Paramedics	13,315,497	13,645,786	13,642,338	3,448
Emergency preparedness	2,922,413	3,057,288	3,043,865	13,423
County engineer	1,914,717	1,979,566	2,076,929	(97,363)
Library	3,990,785	4,051,684	3,926,313	125,371
Economic development and airpark	1,206,315	1,194,682	1,149,845	44,837
Community development	2,041,920	2,048,761	1,738,379	310,382
Grant-in-aid	7,600,361	9,931,828	9,931,773	55
Constitutional offices	2,539,385	2,459,736	2,392,219	67,517
Total Expenditures	48,259,086	51,739,086	50,944,122	794,964
Excess of revenue over expenditures	385,500	(3,094,500)	5,518,940	8,613,440
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	376,588	76,588
Transfers out	(85,500)	(85,500)	(6,298,433)	(6,212,933)
Appropriated reserves	3,000,000	3,000,000	-	(3,000,000)
Reserved for contingencies	(3,600,000)	(120,000)	-	120,000
Total other financing sources and uses	(385,500)	3,094,500	(5,921,845)	(9,016,345)
Net change in fund balances	_	_	(402,905)	(402,905)
Fund balances - beginning	87,577,476	87,577,476	87,577,476	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 87,577,476	\$ 87,577,476	\$ 87,174,571	\$ (402,905)

			vities - Enterprise Funds		
	<b>Unified Sewer</b>	Dewey			
	District	Water	Totals		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments:					
Unrestricted	\$ 33,352,041	\$1,237,127	\$ 34,589,168		
Restricted	20,122,079	329,359	\$ 20,451,438		
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts:					
Service charges	1,875,427	68,201	1,943,628		
Assessments and connection	1,001,713	968	1,002,681		
Accrued interest	109,619	1,651	111,270		
Miscellaneous	45,572	1,746	47,318		
Employee advances	178,775	-	178,775		
Due from other governmental agencies	333,171	-	333,171		
Inventory	226,175	1,588	227,763		
Total current assets	\$ 57,244,572	\$1,640,640	\$ 58,885,212		
Noncurrent assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments:					
Unrestricted	25,948,890	337,430	26,286,320		
Restricted	21,483,714	381,533	21,865,247		
Net other postemployment benefit asset	1,215,401	31,844	1,247,245		
Noncurrent accounts receivables:					
Service charges	513,406	2,058	515,464		
Assessments and connection	609,157	· =	609,157		
Capital assets:					
Land, improvements, and construction in progress	46,205,046	35,718	46,240,764		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	323,377,156	1,306,686	324,683,842		
Total noncurrent assets	419,352,770	2,095,269	421,448,039		
Total Assets	476,597,342	3,735,909	480,333,251		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows from pension	575,053	15,067	590,120		
Deferred gain on refunding of bonds	1,446,862	· =	1,446,862		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,021,915	15,067	2,036,982		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,904,972	98,196	2,003,168		
Accrued interest payable	788,942	-	788,942		
Unearned revenue	50,981	_	50,981		
Due to other funds	8,894,774	_	8,894,774		
Current portion of long-term liabilities	8,685,916	16,977	8,702,893		
Total current liabilities	20,325,585	115,173	20,440,758		
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension liability	3,197,812	83,785	3,281,597		
Long-term liabilities, less current portion	156,548,553	21,198	156,569,751		
Total noncurrent liabilities	159,746,365	104,983	159,851,348		
Total Liabilities	180,071,950	220,156	180,292,106		
NET POSITION	100,071,930	220,130	100,232,100		
Net investment in capital assets	206,172,711	1,342,404	207,515,115		
Restricted for construction and capital assets	43,148,042	710,892	43,858,934		
Unrestricted  Unrestricted	49,226,554	1,477,524	50,704,078		
1 (11) Strate (CI)	47.440).)4	1.4//.324			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	<b>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</b>			
	Unified Sewer District	Dewey Water	Totals	
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 18,733,162	\$ 1,126,050	\$ 19,859,212	
Other operating revenue	1,515,576	97,821	1,613,397	
Total operating revenues	20,248,738	1,223,871	21,472,609	
Operating expenses:				
Contractual services	2,810,959	570,237	3,381,196	
Depreciation	12,095,674	97,097	12,192,771	
Employee benefits	3,791,446	49,008	3,840,454	
Equipment and tools	665,810	15,249	681,059	
Maintenance and repairs	906,380	74,362	980,742	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	
Process chemicals	332,202	-	332,202	
Professional fees	396,101	1,634	397,735	
Salaries	4,952,479	134,664	5,087,143	
Shared costs	1,905,716	105,152	2,010,868	
Supplies	459,211	13,958	473,169	
Training and travel	13,712	-	13,712	
Total operating expenses	28,329,690	1,061,361	29,391,051	
Operating (loss) income	(8,080,952)	162,510	(7,918,442)	
Nonoperating revenue (expenses):				
Investment results	975,357	11,296	986,653	
Assessment and connection fees	14,155,391	18,567	14,173,958	
Disposal of assets	4,872	457	5,329	
Miscellaneous	136,952	-	136,952	
Interest expense	(4,653,191)	-	(4,653,191)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	10,619,381	30,320	10,649,701	
Income (loss) before contributions and				
transfers	2,538,429	192,830	2,731,259	
Capital contributions	3,240,261	-	3,240,261	
Transfers in	85,500	-	85,500	
Transfers out	(376,588)	-	(376,588)	
Change in net position	5,487,602	192,830	5,680,432	
Total net position - beginning as restated (Note S)	293,059,705	3,337,990	296,397,695	
Total net position - ending	\$298,547,307	\$ 3,530,820	\$ 302,078,127	

	<b>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</b>				
	Unified Sewer District	Dewey Water	Totals		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	District	Devicy Water	Totals		
ACTIVITIES					
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 23,681,927	\$ 1,225,878	\$ 24,907,805		
Other payments	72,496	-	72,496		
Other receipts	2,216	_	2,216		
Payments to employees	(9,077,253)	(195,997)	(9,273,250)		
Payments to suppliers	(7,345,322)	(745,550)	(8,090,872)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	7,334,064	284,331	7,618,395		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL					
Operating grants received	136,952	-	136,952		
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	136,952		136,952		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPTIAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(12,384,569)	(83,486)	(12,468,055)		
Assessment and connection fees	14,025,359	19,996	14,045,355		
Bond proceeds	6,569,000	-	6,569,000		
Proceeds from sale of assets	4,872	458	5,330		
Capital contributions	3,240,261	-	3,240,261		
Interest paid	(4,919,281)	-	(4,919,281)		
Retirement of bonds and related costs	(8,048,341)	-	(8,048,341)		
Transfers from other funds for capital activities	(10,475,668)	-	(10,475,668)		
Net cash flows from capital and related	(11,988,367)	(63,032)	(12,051,399)		
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest income	259,773	2,592	262,365		
Net sales / (purchases) of investments	11,076,629	141,028	11,217,657		
Net cash flows from investing activities	11,336,402	143,620	11,480,022		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	6,819,051	364,919	7,183,970		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	46,422,012	1,250,208	47,672,220		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	53,241,063	1,615,127	54,856,190		
Investments	47,665,661	670,322	48,335,983		
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$100,906,724	\$ 2,285,449	\$103,192,173		

(continued)

	<b>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</b>				se Funds
	Unified Sewer District	Dev	vey Water		Totals
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net					
cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating (loss) income	\$ (8,080,952)	\$	162,510	\$	(7,918,442)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss)					
income to net cash provided by operating					
Depreciation and amortization	12,095,674		97,097		12,192,771
Increases in accounts payable - other	21,517		619		22,136
Increases in accounts payable - suppliers	260,682		31,205		291,887
Decrease in compensated absences	(17,934)		(476)		(18,410)
Decrease in customer receivables	3,484,171		2,007		3,486,178
Increase (decrease) in inventory	(115,914)		3,837		(112,077)
Increase in other operating receivables	2,216		_		2,216
Increase (decrease) in payments to employees	8,898		(3,039)		5,859
Decrease in salaries and benefits payable	(324,294)		(9,429)		(333,723)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 7,334,064	\$	284,331	\$	7,618,395

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trusts
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,743,384
Investments:	
U.S. Treasuries	11,588,856
Government Agencies	3,189,204
Corporate obligations	2,935,389
Delaware Local Government Retirement Investment Pool	46,158,675
Common stocks and convertibles	13,752,559
Mutual funds	26,175,506
Total Investments	103,800,189
Accrued interest	101,734
Total Assets	105,645,307
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	12,425
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for pension benefits and other employee benefits	\$105,632,882

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trusts
ADDITIONS	
Employer contributions	\$ 5,782,935
Employee contributions	16,197
Investment earnings:	
Net depreciation of investments	(2,602,096)
Interest and dividends	6,940,673
Total investment earnings	4,338,577
Less investment expenses	246,771
Net investment earnings	4,091,806
Total additions	9,890,938
DEDUCTIONS	
Beneficiary payments	5,356,089
Professional fees	134,625
Net increase in plan net position	4,400,224
Net position held in trust for pension and other employee benefits - beginning	101,232,658
Net position held in trust for pension and other employee benefits - ending	\$105,632,882

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Sussex County, Delaware (the County) was founded in 1683. Local government is provided by a five member elected County Council. The County principally provides general administrative services, emergency preparedness services, airport services, paramedics, Constitutional Row Offices, zoning, libraries, housing and economic development programs, and sewer and water services.

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to State and Local governments (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The County has adopted all applicable GASB statements through No. 71.

# 1. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include various agencies, departments, and offices that are legally controlled by or dependent on the County Council (the primary government). As defined by GAAP, the County's financial reporting entity is required to consist of all organizations for which the County is financially accountable or for which there is a significant relationship. The County has no component units in its reporting entity. The following do not meet the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, therefore, are excluded from this report: the towns, school districts, and independent libraries within Sussex County.

#### 2. <u>Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide Statements</u>

The County's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the County as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the County's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The County's governmental activities consist of: general government, grant-in-aid programs, planning and zoning, paramedic program, emergency preparedness, economic development and airport, county engineer, library, community development and housing programs, and constitutional offices. The County's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a combined basis by column.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the County's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.). The County does not allocate indirect costs. An administrative service fee is charged by the General Fund to the other funds to recover the direct costs of General Fund services provided (finance, personnel, engineering, data processing, etc.). The reimbursement from funds is budgeted as another financing source. For GAAP purposes, the charge is eliminated like a

#### 2. Basic Financial Statements - Government-wide Statements - Continued

reimbursement, reducing the corresponding expenses in the General Fund.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the County as an entity and the change in the County's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### 3. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its position, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the County:

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the County:

**General fund** is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital projects fund is maintained to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). These funds are provided by intergovernmental grants, investment income, and operating transfers from the General Fund. Some projects may take longer than one year to complete. Major capital projects expenditures in fiscal year 2015 were for industrial airpark expansion and improvements. As of June 30, 2015, the major projects being planned over the next five years include \$12 million for industrial airpark improvements and expansion, \$2 million for property acquisition, \$2 million for paramedic station building, \$1 million for mobile command unit, \$2 million for various building improvements and \$1 million for assisted mass appraisal system.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Proprietary funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the County:

**Enterprise funds** are used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to customers in the County's Water and Sewer Districts. For presentation purposes, all funds are major and include the Unified Sewer Fund and Dewey Water Fund. Activities of the enterprise funds include administration, operations and maintenance of the water and sewer system, billing, and collection activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers

#### 3. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements - Continued

for providing services. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the above criteria are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support County programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position, reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for the assets of the Sussex County Employee Pension Plan, which is part of the County's legal entity. It is a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides benefits to eligible County employees. A standalone report is not issued for the Plan. The Post-retirement Employee Benefit Trust Fund is used to account for the assets of the Sussex County Post-retirement Employee Benefit Plan, which is part of the County's legal entity. A stand-alone report is not issued for the Plan.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary funds financial statements. Combining financial statements for the fiduciary funds are presented in Note F to the financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

#### **Major and Nonmajor Funds**

The funds of the financial reporting entity are further classified as major or nonmajor. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASBS No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The County does not have a nonmajor fund.

#### 4. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Government-wide financial statements measure and report all assets (both financial and capital), liabilities, revenues, expenses, gains and losses using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary and fiduciary fund statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus and are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period that, for the County's purposes, is considered to be within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

# 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits and all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Restricted cash mainly consists of amounts held by the County for the proceeds from grant programs, Constitutional Row Offices, 911 emergency reporting, realty transfer tax, fire service fee, and various sewer system reserves and construction funds.

#### 6. Investments

The investments that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Fair values are determined by quoted market prices, where available. Restricted investments represent amounts held by the County for sewer fund construction and debt service, and for revenue bond required reserves.

# 7. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

#### 8. Inventory

Inventories are valued at cost using first-in, first-out (FIFO) or market and represent supplies owned by the County. The costs of these inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

### 9. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$ 5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	10 - 50 years
Improvements	5 – 50 years
Equipment & machinery	5 – 20 years
Infrastructure	10 – 50 years

The County's governmental activities capital assets consists mainly of buildings, parking lots, airport aprons and airport runways.

# 10. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statements of net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources, which represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide

# 10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - Continued

statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second is deferred outflows from pensions as described in Note F. These items will be recognized as part of pension expense in future periods. The general fund and capital project fund balance sheets contain deferred inflows of resources, which represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These are primarily unavailable revenues for property tax and grants.

#### 11. Bond Premiums and Discounts

Bond premiums and discounts for proprietary funds are amortized over the term of the bonds, which range from one to forty years, using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

#### 12. Deposits and Unearned Revenue

Deposits represent monies held by the County to be remitted to others, while unearned revenue represents amounts to be recognized by the County as revenue in future periods.

#### 13. Compensated Absences

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination or retirement, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation days up to two times their yearly vacation and, for sick days, up to a maximum of 90 days. The proprietary funds of the County accrue accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. Compensated absences for governmental funds are a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

#### 14. Equity Classifications

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Net Position

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, retainage, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "Net investment in capital assets."

#### Governmental Fund Balances

As defined in the Fund Balance Policy adopted by County Council on June 21, 2011, in the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the Delaware Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- c. Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Sussex County Council ordinance.

#### 14. Equity Classifications – Continued

- d. Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose and these decisions can be made by the County Administrator, Finance Director or Budget Committee.
- e. Unassigned -All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

When an expense is incurred for business-type activities for which either restricted or unrestricted resources can be used, the County makes a decision on a transaction-by-transaction basis. For governmental funds, the County's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications - committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Authority is given to the County Administrator, Finance Director and Budget Committee to assign funds for specific purposes. The assigned funds are for specific programs or projects that were approved in prior budgets that were not spent in the current fiscal year, specific requests made by Council or for a specific need as identified by the County Administrator. A list of the assigned funds will be maintained by the Finance Director. Approval from both the Finance Director and the County Administrator must be given to set aside funds as Assigned Fund Balance. This authority was granted in the Fund Balance Policy approved by County Council on June 21, 2011.

The County has a goal of 20 - 25% of the most recent approved budget for general fund expenditures for general fund unrestricted funds. In the event the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Finance Director may develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the established minimum level within three years.

# 15. Revenues

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, interest revenue and charges for services, intergovernmental, and miscellaneous. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as non-operating revenue based on GAAP. In applying GAAP to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and unearned revenue by the recipient.

Program revenues include: charges to customers for goods, services or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes.

The County's property tax year runs from July 1 to June 30. Property taxes are recorded and attached as an enforceable lien on property on July 1, the date levied. Taxes are payable under the following terms: July 1 through September 30, face amount; after September 30, a 1.5% penalty per month is charged on the unpaid balance due. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the budget year (beginning July 1 after the levy date) for which they are levied.

# 16. Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

#### 17. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon combination. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### 18. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Prior to March 1, the Budget Committee distributes budget request forms to each department and agency. The budget must identify the specific level of service provision and describe how priorities have been established and incorporated into the budget. These budgets are prepared by April 1. The Budget Committee then develops an annual operating budget, using these department budgets to evaluate the priority and costs of various services. The recommended annual operating budget is then presented to Council by the County Administrator. This submission includes proposed operating budget ordinances setting forth the proposed departmental appropriations and various tax rates to balance the budget. The Council reviews the budget both internally and through public hearings. Subsequently, the budget is adopted through legislation in Council prior to July 1. The operating budget ordinance and related revenue ordinances are officially adopted when approved by the County Council. The County legally adopts an annual budget for the general fund and the capital projects fund.

Appropriations are legislated at the departmental level by object of expenditure. Although the County Code requires budget amendments to be adopted using the same procedures as its original adoption, the Council has authorized the County Administrator to make budgetary transfers within each fund. The aggregate amount of the budget cannot be changed without a public hearing. All unused and unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budgets for the County's general fund and capital projects fund have been prepared on a basis materially consistent with GAAP. Final budgeted amounts are as amended through June 30, 2015. Unexpended appropriations in the operating budget lapse at year end.

### 19. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows or resources disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

# 20. Explanation of Reconciling Item on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balances - total governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of the \$5,287,501 difference "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore, are unearned in the fund level statements" is as follows:

# 20. Explanation of Reconciling Item on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet - Continued

Loan receivable	\$ 1,227,319
Net postemployment benefit asset	4,060,182
	\$ 5,287,501

#### **NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

All deposits are in various financial institutions and are carried at cost. Transactions are made directly with the banks; services of brokers or securities dealers are not used. At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$81,955,803 and the bank balance was \$83,532,266. None of the County's deposits were uninsured or uncollateralized at year end.

**Custodial Credit Risk** - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the County will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In regards to investments, custodial credit risk is in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires collateralization by each financial institution with direct obligations of the U.S. government agency securities, Federal Home Loans Bank line of credits. Collateral must be maintained at a third party.

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the County's investment. The County's primary objective of its investment activities is the safety of principal in order to mitigate interest rate risk. The County's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Investments in U.S. government securities earn interest at a stated fixed rate and are normally held until maturity when the full principal and interest is paid to the County.

**Credit Risk** - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's investment policy stresses safety of principal as investments are made with judgment and care. U.S. government securities are not considered to have credit risk and, therefore, their credit risk is not disclosed. Investments issued by Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation have an AAA credit rating at year end. The County does not have any other investments that are credit quality rated.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer. The County has no formal policy to address the concentration of credit risk attributed to a single issuer. More than 5% of the County's investments are in the following issuers (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools): Wilmington Trust repurchase agreements.

The County's investment policy authorizes the following investments:

- 1. Bonds or other obligations of which the faith and credit of the United States of America are pledged;
- 2. Obligations of federal governmental agencies issued pursuant to Acts of Congress;
- 3. Repurchase agreements that are secured by any bond or other obligation for the payment of which the faith and credit of the United States are pledged;
- 4. Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit of financial institutions;

\$ 310,871,157

# NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

- Money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission and whose portfolios consist of dollar-denominated securities; and
- 6. Local government investment pools administered by the State of Delaware. Additional information can be found in Note F sections for Pension Trust Assets and Post-retirement Employee Benefit Trust Assets.

The County had the following investments at June 30, 2015:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 11,588,857	\$ 1,035,203	\$ 6,803,158	\$ 3,750,496
Government Agencies	95,287,223	705,153	93,135,380	1,446,690
Corporate obligations	2,935,388	-	2,305,365	630,023
Delaware Local Government				
Retirement Investment Pool	46,158,675	46,158,675	=	-
Common stock	13,752,559	-	=	-
Mutual funds	26,175,506			
Total Investments	\$195,898,208	\$47,899,031	\$102,243,903	\$ 5,827,209

Reconciliation of cash and investments to the Government-wide Statement of N	let Position	1:
Cash on hand	\$	3,578
Carrying amount of deposits	114	4,969,371
Carrying amount of investments	19:	5,898,208
Total	\$ 310	0,871,157
Primary Government		
Unrestricted		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54	4,084,198
Investments	53	3,707,928
Restricted		
Cash and cash equivalents	59	9,145,367
Investments	38	8,390,091
Total primary government	203	5,327,584
Fiduciary funds (not included in government-wide statement)		
Cash and cash equivalents		1,743,384
Investments	103	3,800,189
Total fiduciary funds	10:	5,543,573

#### NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Total

The allowance for uncollectible receivables at June 30, 2015 is \$25,806 for service and \$15,314 for assessment. The County does not have an allowance for uncollectible property taxes because all are considered collectible.

# NOTE D - LOANS RECEIVABLE

Under the County's Local Government Economic Development Stimulus Loan Program, loans are provided for certain public projects and for economic development and job growth purposes. The balances outstanding total \$282,380 at June 30, 2015. One loan bears no interest, matures on April 2026, and is secured with the full faith and credit of the borrowing municipality. The other loan bears interest at 1% per annum, matures on February 2016, and is secured with partner guarantees and a second mortgage on the property.

# NOTE D - LOANS RECEIVABLE - CONTINUED

The County's Neighborhood Stabilization Program, in partnership with local nonprofits, provides zero percent interest loans for a term of thirty years for the purpose of providing affordable financing for moderate to low income families. The loans are secured by liens on the real property. The balances outstanding at June 30, 2015 total \$944,939.

Loans receivable total \$1,227,319 at June 30, 2015, which are not reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet.

# **NOTE E - CAPTIAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance at			
	June 30,			Balance at
	2014	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 17,174,285	\$1,062,511	\$ -	\$ 18,236,796
Construction in progress	9,968,409	3,410,895	12,693,421	685,883
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	27,142,694	4,473,406	12,693,421	18,922,679
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	40,056,985	624,677	-	40,681,662
Improvements	26,178,848	11,058,223	-	37,237,071
Machinery and equipment	16,267,754	604,442	2,155,768	14,716,428
Total other capital assets	82,503,587	12,287,342	2,155,768	92,635,161
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	7,512,440	789,664	_	8,302,104
Improvements	10,780,185	1,232,479	-	12,012,664
Machinery and equipment	14,266,181	715,441	2,149,826	12,831,796
Total accumulated				
depreciation	32,558,806	2,737,584	2,149,826	33,146,564
Other capital assets, net	49,944,781	9,549,758	5,942	59,488,597
Governmental Activities			<del></del>	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 77,087,475	\$14,023,164	\$ 12,699,363	\$ 78,411,276
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$39,594,004	\$ 84,236	\$ -	\$ 39,678,240
Construction in progress	4,557,371	8,513,110	6,507,957	6,562,524
Total capital assets, not being	4,557,571	0,313,110	0,301,731	0,302,324
depreciated	44,151,375	8,597,346	6,507,957	46,240,764
Other capital assets:	11,131,373	0,377,310	0,301,731	10,210,701
Buildings	42,255,288	6,067		42,261,355
Improvements	10,505,933	0,007	-	10,505,933
Machinery and equipment	11,023,334	309,520	44,423	11,288,431
Infrastructure	422,044,364	10,063,079	77,723	432,107,443
Total other capital assets	485,828,919	10,378,666	44,423	496,163,162
Total other capital assets	703,020,717	10,570,000		770,103,102

# NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	Balance at June 30, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2015
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	11,132,631	796,612	-	11,929,243
Improvements	6,315,372	296,982	-	6,612,354
Machinery and equipment	8,464,704	819,654	44,423	9,239,935
Infrastructure	133,418,265	10,279,523	-	143,697,788
Total accumulated depreciation	159,330,972	12,192,771	44,423	171,479,320
Other capital assets, net <b>Business-type Activities</b>	326,497,947	(1,814,105)		324,683,842
Capital Assets, Net	\$370,649,322	\$6,783,241	\$6,507,957	\$370,924,606
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as			

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

4	Carann	montal	activities:
	taoverni	nentai	activities:

General government	\$ 552,020
Planning and zoning	7,905
Paramedic program	385,529
Emergency preparedness	363,476
Economic development and airpark	1,132,929
County engineer	5,103
Library	263,323
Constitutional offices	27,299
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	 2,737,584

# **Business-type activities**

Water		97,097
Sewer		12,095,674
	Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 12,192,771

Construction in progress was \$7.1 million with additional contractually committed costs to complete the projects in process of approximately \$3.8 million as of June 30, 2015.

# NOTE F - PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The pension and other post-retirement employee benefit (OPEB) trusts use the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

# Pension Plan Description and Administration

The County established and administers a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its employees. The Plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The pension plan is reported in the pension trust fiduciary fund in the County's financial statements. The County does not have

# Pension Plan Description and Administration - Continued

a separate GAAP-basis pension plan audit performed. A pension committee oversees the management of the Sussex County Employee Pension Plan. The pension committee consists of seven members. Whoever is serving in the position of the County Finance Director, County Administrator and County Human Resources Director are always members of the Committee. The following members are appointed by the Sussex County Council for a term of four (4) years: two Sussex County community members, a current Sussex County employee and a retired Sussex County employee, who currently receives a County pension. The pension committee meets quarterly and is responsible for making recommendations to County Council regarding investments and funding. The County contracts with pension advisors to assist in providing the best strategy, protection and investment guidelines for its pension.

### **Benefits Provided**

A covered employee is an employee who receives a regular salary or wages wholly, or in part, directly, or indirectly, from Sussex County provided, however, that an employee shall not be considered in covered employment if they are a part-time or seasonal employee who is not regularly employed for more than 120 working days in any on calendar year, per Ordinance No. 19, 6/10/75; No. 52, 12/16/80; No. 73, 9/22/81; No. 190, 7/24/84; No. 281, 7/23/85; No. 318, 11/12/85; No. 359, 3/25/86; No. 1375, 6/6/00; No. 1485, 7/1/01 and No. 2346, 4/29/14. Also covered are elected officials, Justices of the Peace, and Constables for time worked prior to March 31, 1965. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are provided at the discretion of the County Council. The County has authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. To be eligible for retirement benefits, a covered employee who shall have service with Sussex County in continuous employment for at least eight years shall be considered eligible for retirement benefits within the meaning of this Ordinance, except as otherwise provided. The age for normal retirement is 62 with eight years of service, 60 for early retirement with 15 years of service, or after 30 years of service regardless of age, for most employees. Effective June 6, 2000, the number of years of service for normal retirement is 25 for paramedic and emergency communication specialists. For the year ended June 30, 2015, total payroll was \$24,591,147. Covered payroll refers to all compensation by the County to active employees covered by the plan.

Current membership in the plan (as of June 30, 2015) is as follows:

Total	Retirees and	Terminated	
Actives	Beneficiaries	Vested	Covered Payroll
476	215	80	\$ 21,081,346

### Contributions and Funding Policy

The County's annual contribution to the pension trust is determined through the budgetary process and with reference to actuarial determined contributions. The County established contribution rates based on an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The contribution is designed to accumulated sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The County is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members. Active members hired prior to January 1, 2015 do not contribute, active members hired on or after that date contribute at a rate of 3.0% of annual pay in excess of \$6,000, and the County's average contribution rate was 17.10% of annual payroll.

# Pension Liability, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$13,964,244 for the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total liability used to calculate the net pension liability was

Pension Liability, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term contributions to the pension plan.

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 88,206,659
Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	(74,242,415)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,964,244
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of	
the Total Pension Liability	84.17%

# **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

		Increase (Decrease)	
	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Plan Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance recognized at 7/1/2014 (based on		·	
6/30/14 measurement date)	\$82,510,864	\$70,886,608	\$11,624,256
Changes recognized for the fiscal year:			
Service Cost	1,876,088	-	1,876,088
Interest on the total pension liability	6,211,311	-	6,211,311
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	805,130	-	805,130
Contributions from the employer	=	3,588,403	(3,588,403)
Contribution from the employee		16,197	(16,197)
Net investment income	=	3,028,832	(3,028,832)
Benefit payments	(3,196,734)	(3,196,734)	=
Administrative expense		(80,891)	80,891
Net change	5,695,795	3,355,807	2,339,988
Balance recognized at 6/30/15 (based on			
6/30/2015 measurement date)	\$88,206,659	\$74,242,415	\$13,964,244

For the year ended June 30, 2015, recognized \$3,650,065 of pension expense and reported deferred outflows of resources from pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows
	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 671,387
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,839,762
Total	\$ 2,511,149

The below lists the amortization bases included in the deferred outflows as of June 30, 2015.

Date	Type of	Period		Bal	ance	Annual
Established	Base	Original	Remaining	Original	Remaining	Expense
7/1/2014	Liability (Gain)/Loss	6.02	5.02	\$805,130	\$671,387	\$133,743
7/1/2014 Asset (Gain)/Loss		5	4	2,299,703	1,839,762	459,941
	Total Charges				\$2,511,149	\$593,684

Pension Liability, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Continued

Amounts recognized in the deferred outflows of resources from pension will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year End June 30:	
2016	\$593,684
2017	593,684
2018	593,684
2019	593,682
2020	133,743
2021 and after	2,672

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal cost method and the following actuarial assumptions based on the census data as of January 1, 2014 and July 1, 2015 and the measurement date of June 30, 2015 and measurement period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015.

- A rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.5% per year compounded annually;
- Salary increases are based on the following table compounded annually;

Age	Rate
20 -24	.045
25-29	.055
30-34	.050
35-39	.045
40-59	.035
60+	.030

- 1.4% annual increase after retirement for cost of living increases;
- Inflation of 2.5% per year underlying the salary scale and interest rates;
- · Five-year phase-in of asset gains and losses to value assets; and
- Mortality changed from RP-2000 Mortality to RP 2014 with full generational projections at scale MP-2014

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	40% - 50%	4.4%
International Equity	10% - 15%	4.7%
Domestic Fixed Income	20% - 25%	1.6%
International Fixed Income	0% - 5%	0.9%
Real Estate and Other	5% - 15%	3.7%
Cash	5% - 10%	0.7%
Total	100%	

# NOTE F - PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS - CONTINUED Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Total Pension Liability	\$101,727,014	\$ 88,206,659	\$ 77,940,351
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(74,242,415)	(74,242,415)	(74,242,415)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 26,484,599	\$ 13,964,244	\$ 3,697,936

### Pension Trust Assets

As authorized by Sussex County Council, the pension trust funds are invested in U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Government Agency Notes and Bonds, Sussex County Second Lien Revenue Bonds, the Delaware Local Government Retirement Investment Pool (DELRIP), Fidelity Investments mutual funds, corporate obligations, municipal obligations, various common stocks and certificates of deposit. Wilmington Trust Company is the trustee of the Plan and has custody of the corporate obligations, municipal obligations and various common stocks. DELRIP was established to allow local governments the option to pool their pension assets with the Delaware Public Employees' Retirement System (DPERS). DELRIP is in the custody of the Delaware Board of Pension Trustees and is subject to oversight of the DPERS' Investment Committee and not of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The DELRIP investments are stated at fair value, which is the same as the value of the DPERS' Master Trust shares. Further details of the DELRIP investments are disclosed in the DPERS 43rd Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained by calling 1-800-722-7300.

The Pension Committee's policy is a goal of 60 percent investments in equity and 40 percent in fixed income investments. Historically, the County has met or exceeded asset class benchmarks. The following represents the asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2015.

Target Allocation Total
40% - 50%
10% - 15%
20% - 25%
0% - 5%
5% - 15%
5% - 10%
100%

Investment at fair value (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and mutual funds) in excess of 5% of the Plan's net position held in trust for pension benefits at June 30, 2015 consist of:

]	Fair Value	
\$	46,158,675	

Post-retirement Employee Benefit Plan Description and Provisions

The County established and administers a single-employer post-retirement employee benefit plan for its employees. During fiscal year 2005, the County established the "Sussex County Employment Benefit Plan" by Ordinance No. 1783. The plan is reported in the pension and other employee benefit trusts in the County's financial statements. Benefits include preventive care, prescription drug care, facility charges, professional services and office visits. The County has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the plan. For employees who begin employment with the County prior to July 1, 2001, the County policy is to provide post-retirement healthcare benefits immediately after they leave County employment if they receive a pension at that time. Retirees hired subsequent to June 30, 2001, with 15 to 24 years of service, are eligible for coverage upon receipt of a County pension, with the County paying 50% of the premium. Retirees hired subsequent to June 30, 2001, with at least 25 years of service, receive full post-retirement healthcare benefits when they receive their pension. Employees, who began work prior to July 1, 2001, may elect the coverage available as if hired after June 30, 2001.

Current membership in the plan (as of January 1, 2015) is as follows:

Total Actives	Retirees and Beneficiaries	Terminated Vested
478	157	0

# Post-retirement Employee Benefit Plan Funding Policy and Actuarial Method and Assumptions

The County's annual contribution to the post-retirement employee benefit plan is determined through the budgetary process and with reference to actuarial determined contributions. Plan members are not required to contribute. Contributions made of \$2,194,532 were 11.9% of covered payroll. The contribution is designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The actuarial valuation of the plan as of January 1, 2015 was determined using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. This measure is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the system. The actuarial assumptions include:

- An investment return of 7.5% compounded annually;
- Participation assumptions vary from zero to 100%, depending on age, date of hire and years of service;
- A health care cost trend rate of 8% initially, declining to 5% ultimately; and
- Inflation of 2.5% per year.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and actuarial methods and assumptions include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term prospective of the calculations. A thirty-year open level percentage method is used to amortize the Annual Required Contribution and an adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution.

# Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation (asset) for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contributions	\$ 1,507,556
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(339,662)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	248,033
Annual OPEB Cost	 1,415,927
Contributions made	2,194,532
Increase in Net OPEB Asset	 (778,605)
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset), Beginning of Year	(4,528,823)
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset), End of Year	\$ (5,307,428)

# NOTE F - PENSION AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUSTS - CONTINUED Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - Continued

Trend information is as follows:

	Annua	al OPEB Cost	Percentage of AOC	Net O	PEB Obligation
Year Ended June 30,		(AOC)	Contributed		(Asset)
2013	\$	1,786,857	117.9%	\$	(3,755,921)
2014		1,660,850	146.5		(4,528,823)
2015		1,415,926	155.0		(5,307,428)

# Post-retirement Employee Benefit Plan Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 73.5% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$41.2 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$30.3 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$10.9 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of employees covered by the plan) was \$21.1 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 48.8%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

# Post-retirement Employee Benefit Trust Assets

As authorized by Sussex County Council, the Post-retirement Employee Benefit funds are invested in various mutual funds, corporate obligations, government agency obligations and U.S. Treasuries through the custodian, Wilmington Trust Company.

There are no investments at fair value (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government and mutual funds) in excess of 5% of the Plan's net position held in trust for post-retirement employee pension benefits at June 30, 2015.

# COMBINING STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Pen	sion Trust	Bene	efit Trust	<b>Total</b>
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	855,785	\$	887,599	\$ 1,743,384
Investments:					
U.S. Treasuries		4,970,379		6,618,477	11,588,856
Government Agencies		1,115,533		2,073,671	3,189,204
Corporate Obligations		1,345,404		1,589,985	2,935,389
Delaware Local Government					
Retirement Investment Pool		46,158,675		-	46,158,675
Common stocks and convertibles		13,752,559		-	13,752,559
Mutual funds		6,001,563		20,173,943	26,175,506
Accrued interest		54,942		46,792	101,734
		74,254,840		31,390,467	105,645,307

Post-retirement Employee Benefit Trust Assets - Continued

# COMBINING STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2015

	Post-retirement Employee				
	P	ension Trust	B	enefit Trust	Total
Accounts payable		12,425		-	12,425
Net Position Held In Trust For Pension					
And Other Employee Benefits	\$	74,242,415	\$	31,390,467	\$ 105,632,882

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Donaton Tunat	Post-retirement Employee	Total
Additions	Pension Trust	Benefit Trust	Total
Employer contributions	\$ 3,588,403	\$ 2,194,532	\$ 5,782,935
Employee contributions	16,197	-	16,197
Investments:			
Net depreciation of investments	(2,081,212)	( 520,884)	(2,602,096)
Interest and dividends	5,335,037	1,605,636	6,940,673
	3,253,825	1,084,752	4,338,577
Less investment expenses	224,993	21,778	246,771
Net investment earnings	3,028,832	1,062,974	4,091,806
<b>Total Additions</b>	6,633,432	3,257,506	9,890,938
Deductions			
Beneficiary payments	3,196,734	2,159,355	5,356,089
Professional fees	80,891	53,734	134,625
Net Increase in Plan Net Position	3,355,807	1,044,417	4,400,224
Net Position Held In Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - Beginning	70,886,608	30,346,050	101,232,658
Net Position Held In Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - Ending	\$ 74,242,415	\$ 31,390,467	\$105,632,882

# NOTE G - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional and participants elect how their salary deferrals are invested. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. The County is not matching employee contributions. Under custodial agreements, the custodians hold all assets and income in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries.

#### **NOTE H - SHORT-TERM DEBT**

Short-term financing is obtained from banks to provide interim financing for the Enterprise Funds. Interest on the line of credit is variable; the interest was 2.75% at June 30, 2015. The County had \$10,000,000 of unused line of credit to be drawn upon as needed. No balance was outstanding at June 30, 2015.

# NOTE I - LONG -TERM LIABILITIES

Description of Bonds Payable

At June 30, 2015, bonds payable consisted of the following individual issues:

	Bus	siness-type
1994 SRF Obligations (West Rehoboth Phase I and II), interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 2016. Repayment over 21 years beginning December 1995. Repayment the last 7 years based on equal installments. The subordinate obligations require various construction, operating and depreciation accounts.	\$	1,369,361
1996 wastewater general obligation bonds (Ocean Way Estates), due in quarterly installments of \$6,256 principal and interest, interest at 4.5%, final payment due October 17, 2036.		342,774
1997 wastewater general obligation bonds (West Rehoboth), due in various installments through June 15, 2021, interest at 1.5%. Total bonds authorized are \$12,000,000.		3,378,273
2000 wastewater general obligation bonds (Ocean View, Holts Landing, Cedar Neck, North Millville and SCRWF), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 31, 2023.		7,696,488
2000 wastewater general obligation bonds (Ellendale), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 15, 2023. Total bonds authorized are \$1,726,000.		800,756
2002 wastewater general obligation bonds (Miller Creek), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 31, 2027. Total bonds authorized are \$3,300,000.		2,274,765
2002 wastewater general obligation bonds (Bayview Estates and Sea Country Estates), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 31, 2025. Total bonds authorized are \$2,636,000.		1,548,644
2002 wastewater general obligation bonds (Ellendale), due in semi-annual installments, no stated interest rate, final payment due June 13, 2042. Total bonds authorized are \$1,000,000.		692,308
2003 wastewater general obligation bonds (Oak Orchard), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 2%, final payment due December 31, 2024. Total bonds authorized are \$1,500,000.		836,402
2003 wastewater general obligation bonds (Oak Orchard), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 31, 2026. Total bonds authorized are \$1,203,000.		785,056
2004 wastewater general obligation bonds (Inland Bays), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due December 31, 2027. Total bonds authorized are \$16,000,000.		6,595,290
2006 wastewater general obligation bonds (Millville), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due October 30, 2040. Total bonds authorized are \$8,000,000.		6,902,809

# NOTE I – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED	
<u>Description of Bonds Payable – Continued</u>	Business-type
2006 wastewater general obligation bonds (South Ocean View), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due June 30, 2040. Total bonds authorized are \$4,800,000.	\$ 3,934,406
2008 wastewater general obligation bonds (Dagsboro-Frankford), due in quarterly installments, interest at 4.5%, final payment due December 12, 2048. Total bonds authorized are \$73,000.	68,021
2008 wastewater general obligation bonds (Angola Neck), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due May 21, 2042. Total bonds authorized are \$15,000,000, of which \$1,500,000 was forgiven at the project completion date.	12,218,540
2009 wastewater general obligation bonds (Johnson's Corner), due in semi- annual installments, interest at 1.5%, final payment due June 30, 2031. Total bonds authorized are \$6,000,000, of which \$1,248,033 was forgiven at the project completion date.	3,244,661
2009 wastewater general obligation bonds (Oak Orchard), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 2%, final payment due December 15, 2031. Total bonds authorized are \$5,641,503, of which \$3,000,000 was forgiven at the project completion date.	2,298,753
2010 wastewater general obligation bonds (Inland Bays), due in semi-annual installments, interest at 2%, final payment due November 1, 2031. Total bonds authorized are \$1,756,227, of which \$1,307,607 was forgiven at the project completion date.	380,365
2010 wastewater general obligation bonds (SCRWF), due in quarterly installments, interest at 4%, final payment due March 19, 2050. Total bonds authorized are \$7,500,000.	7,054,588
2010A wastewater general obligation bonds (Inland Bays), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.25%, final payment due December 3, 2050. Total bonds authorized are \$5,475,000.	5,239,804
2010B wastewater general obligation bonds (Inland Bays), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.25%, final payment due December 3, 2050. Total bonds authorized are \$5,000,000.	4,785,212
2010 wastewater general obligation recovery zone economic development bonds (SCRWF), due in quarterly installments, interest at 3%, final payment due December 3, 2050. Total bonds authorized are \$6,169,000.	5,895,473
2011 wastewater general obligation bonds (Prince Georges Acres), due in quarterly installments, interest at 4.25%, final payment due June 2, 2051. Total bonds authorized are \$500,000.	479,150
2011 wastewater general obligation bonds (Piney Neck), due in quarterly installments, interest at 4.125%, final payment due June 2, 2051. Total bonds authorized are \$2,113,000.	2,022,434

# NOTE I - LONG -TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Description of Bonds Payable - Continued

ription of Bonds Payable – Continued	- ·
2011A wastewater general obligation bonds (Miller Creek), due in quarterly installments, interest at 4.25%, final payment due March 28, 2051. Total bonds authorized are \$1,725,000.	Business-type
2011B wastewater general obligation bonds (Miller Creek), due in quarterly installments, interest at 4.25%, final payment due March 28, 2051. Total bonds authorized are \$1,075,000.	\$ 1,647,852
2011 wastewater general obligation bonds (Millville), due in quarterly	1,026,911
installments, interest at 3.75%, final payment due November 28, 2051. Total bonds authorized are \$4,000,000.	3,836,587
2011 wastewater general obligation bonds (Fenwick Island), due in quarterly installments, interest at 3.75%, final payment due November 28, 2051. Total bonds authorized are \$1,111,000.	1,065,599
2012 wastewater general obligation bonds (Golf Village), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2%, final payment due June 27, 2052. Total bonds authorized are \$321,000.	304,754
2012A wastewater general obligation bonds (West Rehoboth refunding), due in semi-annual installments, interest ranging from 2% to 5%, final payment due March 15, 2041.	26,285,000
2012B wastewater general obligation bonds (refunding), due in semi-annual installments, interest ranging from 2% to 5%, final payment due March 15, 2049.	24,785,000
2012 wastewater general obligation bonds (Millville), due in quarterly installments, interest at 3.5%, final payment due September 27, 2052. Total bonds authorized are \$4,000,000.	3,866,818
2012 wastewater general obligation bonds (Woodlands of Millsboro), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.125%, final payment due September 14, 2052. Total bonds authorized are \$90,000.	85,942
2013 wastewater general obligation bonds (Angola Neck), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.125%, final payment due April 25, 2053. Total bonds authorized are \$6,000,000.	5,805,006
2013 wastewater general obligation bonds (Johnson Corner), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.5%, final payment due February 28, 2053. Total bonds authorized are \$2,000,000.	1,932,267
2014 wastewater general obligation bond (Angola Neck), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.375%, final payment due September 26, 2054. Total bonds authorized are \$987,000.	975,808
2014 wastewater general obligation bonds (Oak Orchard), due in quarterly installments, interest at 2.375%, final payment due July 24, 2054. Total bonds authorized are \$5,582,000.	
audioπλου arc ψ3,302,000.	5,519,070

# NOTE I - LONG -TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

Description of Bonds Payable - Continued

	Business-type
Subtotal	\$ 157,980,947
Unamortized bond premium	5,816,686
TOTAL BOND PAYALBE	\$163,797,633

# **Contract Commitments**

The County has obligated itself under contracts for various projects. At June 30, 2015, the obligated unrecorded amount was approximately \$4.9 million. The County's payment of these contracts will be contingent upon the contractors' satisfactory performance.

#### Bonds Authorized but Unissued

Bonds authorized but unissued at June 30, 2015 totaled \$6,697,774. The bonds are to finance various sewer district construction and improvement projects.

# **Long-term Liability Activity**

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
Governmental					
<b>Activities:</b>					
Compensated absences	\$ 5,283,657	\$ 2,266,326	\$ 2,146,166	\$ 5,403,817	\$ 2,169,945
Estimated liability for					
landfill postclosure care	49,000	-	49,000	=	-
Estimated liability for	1.44.000		22 100	120,000	22 100
pollution remediation	144,000		23,100	120,900	23,100
Total Carramontal					
Total Governmental	\$ 5,476,657	\$ 2,266,326	\$ 2,218,266	\$ 5,524,717	\$ 2,193,045
Activities	\$ 3,470,037	\$ 2,200,320	\$ 2,210,200	\$ 3,324,717	\$ 2,193,043
<b>Business-Type</b>					
Activities:					
General obligation					
bonds	\$159,460,288	\$ 6,569,000	\$ 8,048,341	\$157,980,947	\$ 8,046,926
Unamortized bond	+,,	+ 0,000,000	+ 0,0 10,0 1	+,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	+ 0,0 10,5 = 0
premium	6,221,454	-	404,768	5,816,686	_
Total bonds payable	165,681,742	6,569,000	8,453,109	163,797,633	8,046,926
Compensated absences	1,493,422	654,250	672,661	1,475,011	655,967
<b>Total Business-type</b>					
Activities	\$167,175,164	\$ 7,223,250	\$ 9,125,770	\$165,272,644	\$ 8,702,893

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, estimated liability for landfill pollution remediation are primarily liquidated by the General Fund.

# NOTE I - LONG-TERM LIABILITES - CONTINUED

**Debt Maturity** 

The annual aggregate maturities for each bond type are as follows:

Business-type Activities - General Obligation

	Business type field vittes General Congation			
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2016	\$ 8,046,926	\$ 4,536,720	\$ 12,583,646	5
2017	7,794,955	4,322,816	12,117,771	l
2018	6,779,375	4,135,966	10,915,341	l
2019	6,945,286	3,958,230	10,903,516	5
2020	7,127,873	3,770,793	10,898,666	5
2021 - 2025	28,861,676	16,447,331	45,309,007	7
2026 - 2030	23,206,978	13,128,517	36,335,495	5
2031 - 2035	22,831,127	9,583,377	32,414,504	1
2036 - 2040	18,396,881	6,208,488	24,605,369	)
2041 - 2045	15,369,117	6,288,689	21,657,806	5
2046 - 2050	9,562,122	1,667,956	11,230,078	3
2051 - 2055	3,058,631	121,336	3,179,967	7
TOTAL	\$ 157,980,947	\$ 74,170,219	\$ 232,151,166	5

#### NOTE J – INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount			
General fund	Unified sewer fund	\$ 8,894,774			
Total		\$ 8,894,774			

At June 30, 2015, interfund balances represented interim financing for sewer projects, which are to be repaid when the County draws the permanent funding. Realty transfer tax financed \$8,894,774 of the interfund balances.

# NOTE K - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GASBS No. 54 establishes fund balance categories that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Detailed information on fund balances of governmental funds is as follows:

	Capital General Projects		-	Total	
Nonspendable	 			_	
Inventory	\$ 24,026	\$	_	\$	24,026
Prepaid items	80,336		_		80,336
Total nonspendable	 104,362		_		104,362
Restricted	 _				_
Infrastructure, public safety, economic development items, capital	42,829,978		13,182,134		56,012,112
Rodent control grant	2,127		-		2,127
Total restricted	 42,832,105		13,182,134		56,014,239

### NOTE K - FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED

	General	Capital Projects	Total
Committed	<u> </u>		
Open space land program	772,687	-	772,687
Groundwater monitoring	26,130	-	26,130
Total committed	798,817	=	798,817
Assigned			
Grant-in-aid for County tax subsidy program	39,958	-	39,958
Economic development marketing program	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Open space park program	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Legal contingency	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Planning and zoning land use plan ordinance	16,324	-	16,324
Reassessment	530,000	-	530,000
Reserves budgeted for next year	3,208,792	-	3,208,792
Information technology	373,725	-	373,725
Total assigned	7,168,799		7,168,799
Unassigned	36,270,488	-	36,270,488
<b>Total Fund Balances – Governmental</b>			
Funds	\$ 87,174,571	\$ 13,182,134	\$ 100,356,705

### **NOTE L - RENT REVENUES**

The County has entered into several long-term operating leases with local businesses to rent property, mainly located in the County's Industrial Airpark. These leases range in terms of one year to forty-five years and several of them are noncancelable. Buildings with a cost basis of \$6,884,902 and accumulated depreciation of \$1,422,874, equipment with a cost basis of \$28,088 and accumulated depreciation of \$21,038, and improvements of \$107,045 and accumulated depreciation of \$39,897 were being leased as of June 30, 2015.

The minimum future rental revenue under leases as of June 30, 2015 for each of the next five years and thereafter in the aggregate are:

Year ending June 30,		Amount
2016	\$	386,937
2017		363,386
2018		357,837
2019		316,668
2020		305,828
Thereafter	-	1,840,692
Minimum Lease Payments Receivable	\$	3,571,348

### **NOTE M - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Transfer from						
Transfer to:	Gener	General Fund		Unified Sewer		Total	
General fund	\$	-	\$	376,588	\$	376,588	
Unified sewer fund		85,500		-		85,500	
Capital improvements fund	6,2	212,933		-		6,212,933	
	\$ 6,2	298,433	\$	376,588	\$	6,675,021	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and to (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### **NOTE N - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year end. Settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The County is exposed to the risk of loss related to employee medical expenses. During fiscal year 2015, the County maintained a self-insured plan for employee medical expenses in which expenses per employee were covered annually up to \$285,000. Individual excess expenses are covered under a commercial policy. In addition, the County has a maximum aggregate limit of \$9,756,633 for the County's portion of medical expense liability, which is covered under a commercial policy. The County reports the risk management activity in the General Fund. The County recognizes expenditures/expenses in the General Fund, Water Fund and Sewer Funds. The employee health plan is administered by an outside agency.

### Employee Health Plan

Contributions from the County and employee withholdings are deposited into a reserve fund to pay eligible claims. Estimated risks and losses are based upon historical costs, financial analyses, and estimated effects of plan changes. The claims liability reported at June 30, 2015 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Costs related to these claims are normally paid within the following year and are therefore reported as a current liability.

Changes in the employee health claims liability amounts in fiscal year 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

		Current-Year Claims		
	Beginning of and Changes in Claim			End of Year
	Year Balance	Estimates	Payments	Balance
2013-2014	\$ 741,979	\$ 6,149,054	\$ (6,060,302)	\$ 830,731
2014-2015	830,731	6,409,941	(6,372,392)	868,280

### NOTE O - PROPRIETARY FUNDS CONTRACTS

The County has a contract with the Town of Georgetown for the Town to provide wastewater treatment and disposal for the County's Ellendale Sewer Treatment System. The contract was executed on May 25, 2000 and is in effect for a period of 40 years unless both parties mutually agree to terminate the contract. The County has a ten-year contract, effective November 1, 2010, with the City of Seaford for the purpose of discharging wastewater. The County has a contract with the Town of Millsboro for discharging wastewater for the Woodlands of Millsboro sewer system. The contract will remain in effect until terminated by mutual agreement of both parties. The County has a contract with the City of Rehoboth for the purpose of purchasing water for the Dewey Beach Water District. The contract was in effect at January 1, 2011 and will terminate on December 31, 2015.

### NOTE P - LANDFILL POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBILIGATION

The annual operating costs for maintenance and monitoring the landfill sites will continue to be funded by the County and recorded as a long-term liability in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position.

The County has pollution remediation obligations of \$120,900 of which \$23,100 is due within one year. The County has estimated future obligations based on professional consultant estimates and historical expenses of similar projects; however, there is the potential for change in estimates due to price increase or reductions, technology, or applicable laws and regulations.

The estimated pollution remediation liability relates to the anticipated cost of continued implementation of the Groundwater Management Zone (GMZ), sampling of residential wells, maintenance of the vegetation cap, removal of any debris, grading of low laying areas and continued sampling of groundwater wells at the County's closed landfill site in Laurel. The Delaware Department of Natural Resources & Environmental Control (DNREC) has accepted the County's responsibility to continue to maintain the closed landfill. An investigation of the site is completed every five years. The County estimates that it will be obligated to perform pollution remediation obligation through the next evaluation period. Any time beyond these six years, the County cannot reasonably estimate its liability.

### **NOTE Q - CONTINGENCIES**

The County is currently involved in a number of lawsuits involving construction projects, zoning ordinances, and other civil lawsuits. The amount of any contingent liability related to these suits either cannot be reasonably estimated or the outcome is remote.

The County has authorized the issuance of revenue bonds to provide funds for various commercial, industrial and agricultural development projects. Various issues are outstanding at June 30, 2015 equaling \$165,657,000. In the opinion of bond counsel, these conduit bonds are not subject to the debt limit imposed on the County by the Delaware Code, and are payable solely from payments made by the borrowing entities. Accordingly, these bonds are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

### NOTE R - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

### **Major Contracts**

Subsequent to June 30, 2015, the County approved the award of contracts totaling \$12 million for the construction and improvement of various sewer and community improvement projects.

### Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trusts

The County invests in various investment securities for its pension and other employee benefit trusts. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Therefore, the value, liquidity, and related income of the securities are sensitive to changes in economic conditions, delinquencies or defaults, or both, and may be adversely affected by shifts in the market's perception of the users and changes in interest rates. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the County's account balances and the amounts reported in the statement of net position held in trust for pension and other employee benefits.

### NOTE S - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

In 2015, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71, which requires local government employer to recognize a net pension liability to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided through the pension plan to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total pension liability), less the amount of the pension's fiduciary net position. Statement 68 requires recognition of deferred outflow or inflow of resources for changes in the expected to actual net pension liability and the expected to actual pension asset amortization of those changes. In prior years these amounts were not reflected in the financial statements. GASB Statement No. 68 eliminated the net pension obligation (asset) which was previously reported on the financial statements. These changes resulted in a restatement of the Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014.

The adjustment is reflected in the proprietary fund financial statements as follows:

	Business-type Activities – Enterprise Funds			
	Unified Sewer			
	District	Dewey Water	Totals	
Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014	\$299,385,829	\$ 3,505,091	\$302,890,920	
Adjustment for net pension asset	(3,664,169)	(97,356)	(3,761,525)	
Adjustment for net pension liability	(2,661,955)	(69,745)	(2,731,700)	
Net Position, as restated	\$293,059,705	\$ 3,337,990	\$296,397,695	

The adjustment is reflected in the Government-wide statements as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014	\$191,761,928	\$302,890,920	\$494,652,848
Adjustment for net pension asset	(15,046,098)	(3,761,525)	(18,807,623)
Adjustment for net pension liability	(8,892,556)	(2,731,700)	(11,624,256)
Net Position, as restated	\$167,823,274	\$296,397,695	\$464,220,969



	Fiscal Ye	ar End	ing
	 2014		2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service Cost	\$ 1,773,965	\$	1,876,088
Interest Cost	5,768,860		6,211,311
Changes of Benefit Terms	-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	(2,185,380)		805,130
Changes of Assumptions	-		-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,971,418)		(3,196,734)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,386,027		5,695,795
Total Pension Liability (Beginning)	80,124,837		82,510,864
Total Pension Liability (Ending)	\$ 82,510,864	\$	88,206,659
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 3,587,012	\$	3,588,403
Contributions - Member	1,239		16,197
Net Investment Income	10,344,007		3,028,832
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(2,972,657)		(3,196,734)
Administrative Expenses	-		-
Other	 (138,063)		(80,891)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 10,821,538		3,355,807
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Beginning)	 60,065,070		70,886,608
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Ending)	70,886,608		74,242,415
County's Net Pension Liability (Ending)	\$ 11,624,256	\$	13,964,244
Net Position as a % of Pension Liability	85.91%		84.17%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 20,427,138	\$	21,081,346
Net Pension Liability as a % of Payroll	56.91%		66.24%

The County implemented GASB 67 in 2014. Comparable information prior to that year is not available.

Changes in assumptions. In 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to assumed life expectanies as a result of adopting the RP-2014 Mortality with fully generational projects at Scale Mp-2014 for purpose of developing mortality rates. As such, the County's Net Pension Liability (ending) was restate using the RP-2014 Mortality tables.

	Fiscal Year Ending			ng
		2014		2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	2,868,624	\$	2,757,068
Contributions made in Relation to the Actuarially Determined				
Contribution		3,587,012		3,604,600
Contribution Deficiency (excess)	\$	(718,388)	\$	(847,532)
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	20,427,138	\$	21,081,346
Contributions as a % of Payroll		17.56%		17.10%

### Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date - Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, 1 year and 6 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal cost method

Amortization Method Level dollar, open

Remaining Amortization Period 20 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

General Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase Valuation year pay is the pay rate as of the Actuarial Valuation date. Such pay is

assumed to increase each year as follows:

Age	Rate
20 - 24	0.045
25 - 29	0.055
30 - 34	0.050
35 - 39	0.045
40 - 59	0.350
60 +	0.030

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Retirement Age Varies by age and service

Mortality Changed from RP-2000 Mortality to RP-2014 Mortality with fully generational

projections at Scale MP-2014.

The new assumption was effective for GASB 68 accounting at 7/1/2014. For funding, this is a change at 7/1/2015.

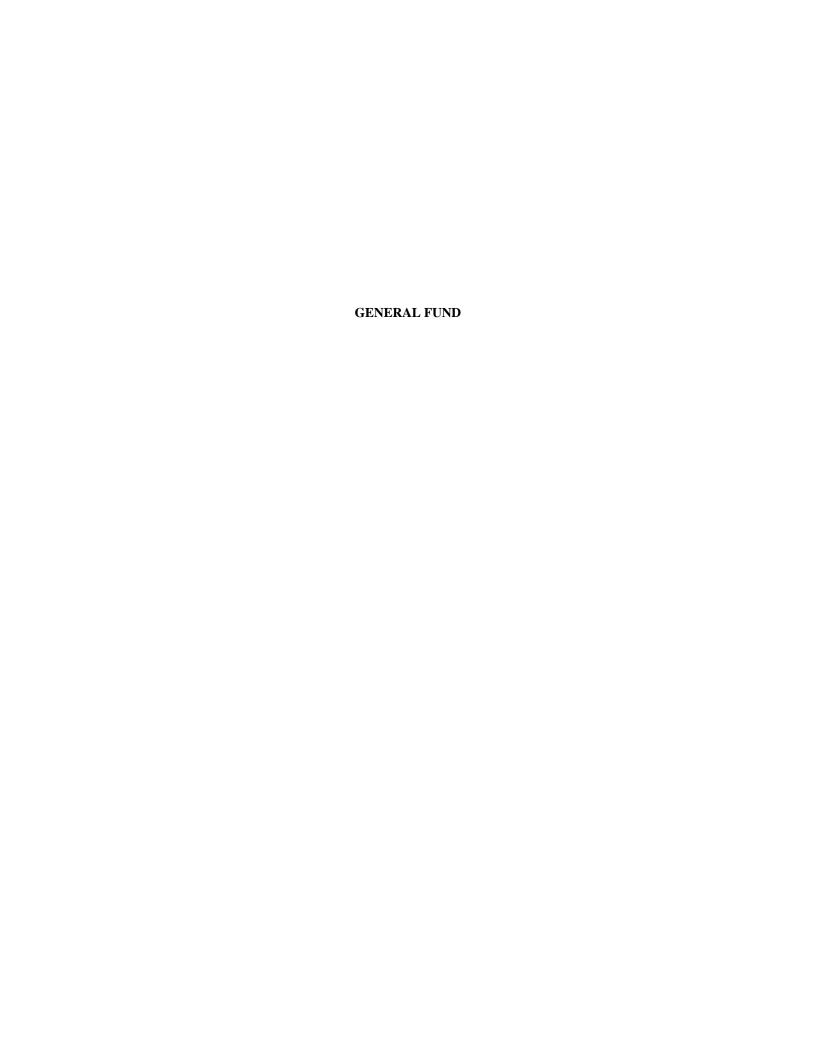
	Fiscal Year E	nding
	2014	2015
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense	17.56%	4.26%

The County implemented GASB 67 in 2014. Comparable information prior to that year is not available.

Actuarial Valuation Date 01/01/2010	Actuarial Value of Assets \$22,028,993	Actuarial Accrued Liability - Projected Unit Credit \$ 31,027,028	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability \$ 8,998,035	Funded Ratio	Covered	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a % of Covered Payroll 45.7 %
01/01/2011	23,984,121	32,997,258	9,013,137	72.7	19,207,909	46.9
01/01/2012	23,502,151	36,087,572	12,585,421	65.1	21,698,701	58.0
01/01/2013	26,289,375	37,234,965	10,945,590	70.6	20,168,544	54.3
01/01/2014	30,120,575	38,498,966	8,378,391	78.2	20,383,465	41.1
01/01/2015	30,290,649	41,215,121	10,924,472	73.5	21,081,346	51.8

Year Ended June 30	<b>Annual Required Contribution</b>		Percentage Contributed
2010	\$	2,932,734.00	93.7%
2011		1,278,049	106.2%
2012		1,488,338	178.8%
2013		1,863,189	131.1%
2014		1,744,289	146.5%
2015		1,507,556	155.00%





	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes	Φ 12 452 0 <b>5</b> 0	Ф 12 002 016	Φ 251.746
Real property and capitation - County	\$ 12,452,070	\$ 12,803,816	\$ 351,746
Real property - library	1,460,016	1,485,298	25,282
Realty transfer	16,000,000	22,212,933	6,212,933
Fire service	1,000,000	1,280,085	280,085
Penalties and interest	120,000	160,693	40,693
Total taxes	31,032,086	37,942,825	6,910,739
Intergovernmental			
Federal grants:			
Emergency preparedness	160,000	36,900	(123,100)
Miscellaneous	6,200	5,873	(327)
Housing and urban development	1,775,000	1,313,676	(461,324)
Project income	-	31,650	31,650
Federal payments in lieu of taxes	5,000	5,520	520
State grants:			
Library	340,000	342,103	2,103
Paramedics	3,994,650	3,907,872	(86,778)
Local emergency plan commission	66,950	67,327	377
Miscellaneous	-	2,196	2,196
Department of Health	10,000	8,825	(1,175)
Total intergovernmental	6,357,800	5,721,942	(635,858)
Charges for services			
Mobile home placement fees	74,000	107,719	33,719
Building inspection fees	1,040,000	1,190,557	150,557
Dog licensing	74,000	80,105	6,105
Miscellaneous general government fees	38,170	38,465	295
Building permits and zoning fees	1,325,000	1,670,103	345,103
911 System fees	559,630	559,636	545,105
Private road and sewer review and inspection fees	377,000	647,330	270,330
Airpark and economic development fees	472,820	472,689	(131)
Miscellaneous department fees	86,000	79,096	(6,904)
Marriage Bureau	134,000	140,657	6,657
Prothonotary	134,000	80	80
Recorder of Deeds	3,370,000	3,289,229	(80,771)
Register of Wills	950,000	1,072,997	122,997
Sheriff	2,150,000	2,309,819	
Total charges for services	10,650,620	11,658,482	159,819
Total charges for services	10,030,020	11,036,462	1,007,802
Fines and forfeits	22,000	26,545	4,545
Miscellaneous revenue			
Investment earnings	400,000	820,263	420,263
Miscellaneous revenues	182,080	293,005	110,925
Total miscellaneous revenues	582,080	1,113,268	531,188

# SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE -63SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Other financing sources			
Reimbursements from other funds	\$ 300,000	\$ 376,588	\$ 76,588
Appropriated reserves	3,000,000	-	(3,000,000)
Total other financing sources	3,300,000	376,588	(2,923,412)
Total revenues and other funding sources	\$ 51,944,586	\$ 56,839,650	\$ 4,895,064

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
General government	·		
County Council			
Salaries and wages	\$ 223,121	\$ 223,121	\$ -
Fringe benefits	193,330	193,984	(654)
Contractual services	164,494	164,454	40
Material and supplies	17,251	17,128	123
Other expenditures	21,903	10,903	11,000
Travel and training	24,550	24,547	3
Total County Council	644,649	634,137	10,512
Administration			
Salaries and wages	239,025	244,162	(5,137)
Fringe benefits	212,672	208,642	4,030
Contractual services	10,265	8,817	1,448
Material and supplies	17,871	17,015	856
Other expenditures	12,587	11,208	1,379
Travel and training	7,100	5,436	1,664
Machinery and equipment	46,860	42,767	4,093
Total administration	546,380	538,047	8,333
Legal	601,098	601,098	
Finance			
Salaries and wages	794,000	794,000	-
Fringe benefits	590,486	593,601	(3,115)
Contractual services	466,324	522,271	(55,947)
Material and supplies	28,223	32,974	(4,751)
Travel and training	3,102	5,629	(2,527)
Total finance	1,882,135	1,948,475	(66,340)
Assessment			
Salaries and wages	763,834	763,834	-
Fringe benefits	721,339	723,686	(2,347)
Contractual services	27,536	27,517	19
Material and supplies	32,641	32,629	12
Other expenditures	37,000	24,975	12,025
Travel and training	3,301	3,301	
Total assessment	1,585,651	1,575,942	9,709

General Government - Continued           Building code         Salaries and wages         \$ 383,694         \$ 383,694         \$ -           Fringe benefits         313,423         312,112         1,311           Contractual services         15,565         13,816         1,749           Material and supplies         32,550         21,097         11,453           Travel and training         14,407         8,335         6,072           Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         317,221         -         -           Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         284,901         274,901         10,000		313,423 312,112 15,565 13,816 32,550 21,097 14,407 8,335 17,260 17,087 776,899 756,141  317,221 317,221 244,947 245,173 131,746 130,704 25,826 8,938 4,747 4,747 8,915 5,034 733,402 711,817  ent  284,901 274,901 422,613 370,971 89,138 84,967 11,065 9,334 14,586 13,291 27,983 20,665 8,942 8,941 859,228 783,070  108,315 99,203 62,015 48,933 4,730 1,958 5,100 3,297 2,770 1,224		
Salaries and wages         \$ 383,694         \$ 383,694         \$ 1-           Fringe benefits         313,423         312,112         1,314           Contractual services         15,565         13,816         1,749           Material and supplies         32,550         21,097         11,453           Travel and training         14,407         8,335         6,072           Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         317,221         317,221         -           Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         8,913         84,967         4,171				
Fringe benefits         313,423         312,112         1,311           Contractual services         15,565         13,816         1,749           Material and supplies         32,550         21,097         11,453           Travel and training         14,407         8,335         6,072           Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         317,221         317,221         -           Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         8,913         8,4967         4,171           Salaries and wages         28,901         274,901         10,000     <	6			
Contractual services         15,565         13,816         1,749           Material and supplies         32,550         21,097         11,453           Travel and training         14,407         8,335         6,072           Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Salaries and wages         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171	•			
Material and supplies         32,550         21,097         11,453           Travel and training         14,407         8,335         6,072           Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         slaries and wages         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         Salaries and wages         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	
Travel and training         14,407         8,335         6,072           Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         317,221         317,221         -           Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         Salaries and wages         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,				
Machinery and equipment         17,260         17,087         173           Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         Salaries and wages         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         11,065         9,334         1,731           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         <				
Total building code         776,899         756,141         20,758           Mapping & addressing Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -	<u>e</u>			*
Mapping & addressing       317,221       317,221       -         Fringe benefits       244,947       245,173       (226)         Contractual services       131,746       130,704       1,042         Material and supplies       25,826       8,938       16,888         Other expenditures       4,747       4,747       -         Equipment       8,915       5,034       3,881         Total mapping and addressing       733,402       711,817       21,585         Human resources and general employment       Salaries and wages       284,901       274,901       10,000         Fringe benefits       422,613       370,971       51,642         Contractual services       89,138       84,967       4,171         Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       859,228 <t< td=""><td>• • •</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	• • •			
Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         Salaries and wages         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         859,228         783	Total building code	776,899	756,141	20,758
Salaries and wages         317,221         317,221         -           Fringe benefits         244,947         245,173         (226)           Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         Salaries and wages         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         859,228         783	Mapping & addressing			
Contractual services         131,746         130,704         1,042           Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772 <td>Salaries and wages</td> <td>317,221</td> <td>317,221</td> <td>-</td>	Salaries and wages	317,221	317,221	-
Material and supplies         25,826         8,938         16,888           Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management           Salaries and wages         108,315         99,203         9,112           Fringe benefits         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772           Material and supplies         5,100 <td>Fringe benefits</td> <td>244,947</td> <td>245,173</td> <td>(226)</td>	Fringe benefits	244,947	245,173	(226)
Other expenditures         4,747         4,747         -           Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772           Material and supplies         5,100         3,297         1,803           Travel and training         2,770         1,224         1,546     <	Contractual services	131,746	130,704	1,042
Equipment         8,915         5,034         3,881           Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         284,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772           Material and supplies         5,100         3,297         1,803           Travel and training         2,770         1,224         1,546	Material and supplies	25,826	8,938	16,888
Total mapping and addressing         733,402         711,817         21,585           Human resources and general employment         84,901         274,901         10,000           Fringe benefits         422,613         370,971         51,642           Contractual services         89,138         84,967         4,171           Material and supplies         11,065         9,334         1,731           Other expenditures         14,586         13,291         1,295           Travel and training         27,983         20,665         7,318           Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management           Salaries and wages         108,315         99,203         9,112           Fringe benefits         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772           Material and supplies         5,100         3,297         1,803           Travel and training         2,770         1,224         1,546	Other expenditures	4,747	4,747	-
Human resources and general employment         Salaries and wages       284,901       274,901       10,000         Fringe benefits       422,613       370,971       51,642         Contractual services       89,138       84,967       4,171         Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management         Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	Equipment	8,915	5,034	3,881
Salaries and wages       284,901       274,901       10,000         Fringe benefits       422,613       370,971       51,642         Contractual services       89,138       84,967       4,171         Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management         Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	Total mapping and addressing	733,402	711,817	21,585
Salaries and wages       284,901       274,901       10,000         Fringe benefits       422,613       370,971       51,642         Contractual services       89,138       84,967       4,171         Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management         Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	Human resources and general employment			
Fringe benefits       422,613       370,971       51,642         Contractual services       89,138       84,967       4,171         Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546		284,901	274.901	10.000
Contractual services       89,138       84,967       4,171         Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,
Material and supplies       11,065       9,334       1,731         Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       \$859,228       783,070       76,158         Pringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	•			
Other expenditures       14,586       13,291       1,295         Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management         Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	Material and supplies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	
Travel and training       27,983       20,665       7,318         Machinery and equipment       8,942       8,941       1         Total human resources       859,228       783,070       76,158         Records management       Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	**			
Machinery and equipment         8,942         8,941         1           Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         Salaries and wages         108,315         99,203         9,112           Fringe benefits         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772           Material and supplies         5,100         3,297         1,803           Travel and training         2,770         1,224         1,546				
Total human resources         859,228         783,070         76,158           Records management         Salaries and wages         108,315         99,203         9,112           Fringe benefits         62,015         48,933         13,082           Contractual services         4,730         1,958         2,772           Material and supplies         5,100         3,297         1,803           Travel and training         2,770         1,224         1,546		8,942	8,941	1
Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	* 1 1			76,158
Salaries and wages       108,315       99,203       9,112         Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	Records management			
Fringe benefits       62,015       48,933       13,082         Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	- C	108.315	99.203	9.112
Contractual services       4,730       1,958       2,772         Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	•			
Material and supplies       5,100       3,297       1,803         Travel and training       2,770       1,224       1,546	•			
Travel and training 2,770 1,224 1,546				
	**			
	<u> </u>			

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
General government - continued			
Buildings and grounds			
Salaries and wages	\$ 479,092	\$ 479,092	\$ -
Fringe benefits	418,558	419,878	(1,320)
Contractual services	387,958	353,175	34,783
Material and supplies	154,602	128,760	25,842
Other expenditures	645	445	200
Travel and training	1,150	141	1,009
Equipment	337,370	306,424	30,946
Total building and grounds	1,779,375	1,687,915	91,460
Information technology			
Salaries and wages	413,664	398,300	15,364
Fringe benefits	314,982	312,868	2,114
Contractual services	558,397	549,365	9,032
Material and supplies	106,852	102,402	4,450
Travel and training	27,700	24,981	2,719
Equipment	58,464	58,464	
Total information technology	1,480,059	1,446,380	33,679
Constables			
Salaries and wages	119,596	119,596	-
Fringe benefits	89,456	89,143	313
Contractual services	19,843	15,154	4,689
Material and supplies	8,110	6,196	1,914
Other expenditures	43,228	22,683	20,545
Travel and training	1,275	1,275	
Total constables	281,508	254,047	27,461
Dog control			
Salaries and wages	28,821	28,821	-
Fringe benefits	29,101	29,210	(109)
Contractual services	686,364	686,104	260
Material and supplies	637	236	401
Total dog control	744,923	744,371	552
Total general government	12,098,237	11,836,055	262,182
Planning and zoning			
Salaries and wages	539,182	498,068	41,114
Fringe benefits	404,091	395,405	8,686
Contractual services	287,940	283,449	4,491
Material and supplies	35,864	28,455	7,409
Travel and training	4,441	1,029	3,412
Total planning and zoning	1,271,518	1,206,406	65,112

	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Paramedics			
Salaries and wages	\$ 7,138,163	\$ 7,138,163	\$ -
Fringe benefits	4,795,001	4,801,550	(6,549)
Contractual services	780,140	768,390	11,750
Material and supplies	697,070	693,248	3,822
Other expenditures	6,716	5,734	982
Travel and training	47,348	46,343	1,005
Equipment  Total paramedics	181,348 13,645,786	188,910 13,642,338	(7,562) 3,448
Emorganov proporadnoss			
Emergency preparedness Administration			
Salaries and Wages	162,399	162,399	
Fringe benefits	102,399	108,987	(329)
Contractual services	193,601	195,771	(2,170)
Material and supplies	41,914	37,240	4,674
Other expenditures	1,450	1,450	4,074
Travel and training	101	101	_
Machinery and equipment	26,878	21,297	5,581
Total administration	535,001	527,245	7,756
Emergency operations center			
Salaries and wages	1,079,914	1,079,914	-
Fringe benefits	746,233	748,563	(2,330)
Contractual services	182,986	165,607	17,379
Material and supplies	16,787	16,725	62
Other expenditures	16,757	16,757	-
Travel and training	14,593	14,593	-
Machinery and equipment	<u> </u>	17,317	(17,317)
Total emergency operation center	2,057,270	2,059,476	(2,206)
Communication systems			
Salaries and wages	149,442	149,442	-
Fringe benefits	104,609	104,685	(76)
Contractual services	26,210	25,771	439
Material and supplies	75,398	72,962	2,436
Travel and training	1,000	-	1,000
Machinery and equipment	31,364	29,130	2,234
Total communication systems	388,023	381,990	6,033
Local emergency planning community program			
Salaries and wages	41,604	41,604	-
Fringe benefits	31,690	31,234	456
Contractual services	1,200	772	428
Material and supplies	500	18	482
Travel and training	2,000	1,526	474
Total local planning community program	76,994	75,154	1,840
Total emergency preparedness	3,057,288	3,043,865	13,423

County engineer	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	
Administration				
Salaries and wages	\$ 617,682	\$ 767,795	\$ (150,113)	
Fringe benefits	505,309	506,676	(1,367)	
Contractual services	21,195	14,816	6,379	
Material and supplies	10,873	9,907	966	
Other expenditures	160,668	145,446	15,222	
Travel and training	2,104	2,086	18	
Improvements	30,000	2,000	30,000	
Total administration	1,347,831	1,446,726	(98,895)	
Public works				
Salaries and wages	349,762	349,762	-	
Fringe benefits	251,543	252,297	(754)	
Contractual services	10,666	10,431	235	
Material and supplies	12,940	12,246	694	
Travel and training	275	- -	275	
Equipment	6,549	5,467	1,082	
Total public works	631,735	630,203	1,532	
Total county engineer	1,979,566	2,076,929	(97,363)	
Library				
Library administration	701,407	674,529	26,878	
Library facilities	1,890,260	1,791,767	98,493	
Local libraries	1,460,017	1,460,017		
Total library	4,051,684	3,926,313	125,371	
Economic development and airpark Economic development				
Salaries and wages	58,037	54,705	3,332	
Fringe benefits	36,495	32,059	4,436	
Contractual services	1,320	1,155	165	
Material and supplies	10,450	9,883	567	
Other expenditures	4,080	-	4,080	
Travel and training	3,570	2,707	863	
Total economic development	113,952	100,509	13,443	
Security				
Salaries and wages	236,532	236,532	_	
Fringe benefits	168,918	169,303	(385)	
Contractual services	9,507	8,471	1,036	
Material and supplies	22,505	19,945	2,560	
Travel and training	1,150	622	528	
Total security	438,612	434,873	3,739	
	,			

Economic development and airpark - continued         Airpark       \$ 142,690       \$ 142,646       \$ 44         Fringe benefits       77,675       77,738       (63)         Contractual services       273,240       251,835       21,405         Material and supplies       22,975       28,894       (5,919)         Other expenditures       97,770       89,355       8,415         Travel and training       2,675       1,904       771         Equipment and improvements       25,093       22,091       3,002         Total airpark       642,118       614,463       27,655         Total economic development and airpark       1,194,682       1,149,845       44,837         Community development         Salaries and wages       238,332       236,408       1,924
Salaries and wages       \$ 142,690       \$ 142,646       \$ 44         Fringe benefits       77,675       77,738       (63)         Contractual services       273,240       251,835       21,405         Material and supplies       22,975       28,894       (5,919)         Other expenditures       97,770       89,355       8,415         Travel and training       2,675       1,904       771         Equipment and improvements       25,093       22,091       3,002         Total airpark       642,118       614,463       27,655         Total economic development and airpark       1,194,682       1,149,845       44,837
Fringe benefits       77,675       77,738       (63)         Contractual services       273,240       251,835       21,405         Material and supplies       22,975       28,894       (5,919)         Other expenditures       97,770       89,355       8,415         Travel and training       2,675       1,904       771         Equipment and improvements       25,093       22,091       3,002         Total airpark       642,118       614,463       27,655         Total economic development and airpark       1,194,682       1,149,845       44,837
Contractual services       273,240       251,835       21,405         Material and supplies       22,975       28,894       (5,919)         Other expenditures       97,770       89,355       8,415         Travel and training       2,675       1,904       771         Equipment and improvements       25,093       22,091       3,002         Total airpark       642,118       614,463       27,655         Total economic development and airpark       1,194,682       1,149,845       44,837
Material and supplies       22,975       28,894       (5,919)         Other expenditures       97,770       89,355       8,415         Travel and training       2,675       1,904       771         Equipment and improvements       25,093       22,091       3,002         Total airpark       642,118       614,463       27,655         Total economic development and airpark       1,194,682       1,149,845       44,837
Other expenditures         97,770         89,355         8,415           Travel and training         2,675         1,904         771           Equipment and improvements         25,093         22,091         3,002           Total airpark         642,118         614,463         27,655           Total economic development and airpark         1,194,682         1,149,845         44,837
Travel and training         2,675         1,904         771           Equipment and improvements         25,093         22,091         3,002           Total airpark         642,118         614,463         27,655           Total economic development and airpark         1,194,682         1,149,845         44,837           Community development         2,675         1,149,845         44,837
Equipment and improvements         25,093         22,091         3,002           Total airpark         642,118         614,463         27,655           Total economic development and airpark         1,194,682         1,149,845         44,837           Community development         44,837         44,837         44,837
Total airpark         642,118         614,463         27,655           Total economic development and airpark         1,194,682         1,149,845         44,837           Community development
Total economic development and airpark 1,194,682 1,149,845 44,837  Community development
Community development
Salaries and wages 238.332 236.408 1.924
20,002
Fringe benefits 174,596 173,899 697
Contractual services 1,620,196 1,313,032 307,164
Material and supplies 2,297 2,287 10
Other expenditures 3,517 3,273 244
Travel and training 9,823 9,480 343
Total community development 2,048,761 1,738,379 310,382
Grant-in-aid
Fire and ambulance grants 4,225,375 4,225,375 -
Public safety grants 2,835,956 - 2,835,956 -
Environmental grants 214,244 214,244 -
Public assistance grant 1,495,883 1,495,828 55
Library grants 1,160,370 1,160,370 -
Total grant-in-aid 9,931,828 9,931,773 55
7,751,020 7,751,775 35
Constitutional offices
Marriage Bureau 193,054 193,068 (14)
Recorder of Deeds 1,082,032 1,063,173 18,859
Register of Wills 557,453 540,709 16,744
Sheriff 627,197 595,269 31,928
Total constitutional offices 2,459,736 2,392,219 67,517
Total expenditures 51,739,086 50,944,122 794,964
Other financing uses
Reserved for contingencies 120,000 - 120,000
Transfers out 85,500 6,298,433 (6,212,933)
Total other financing uses 205,500 6,298,433 (6,092,933)
Total expenditures and other financing uses $\begin{array}{c ccccc} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$



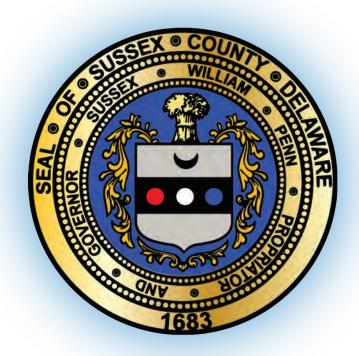
### SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

**BUDGET AND ACTUAL** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	<b>Final</b>	Amount	Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,312,500	\$ 1,312,500	\$ 1,411,861	\$ 99,361
Realty Transfer Tax	4,000,000	4,000,000	-	\$ (4,000,000)
Miscellaneous revenue	20,000	20,000	351,042	331,042
Total revenues	5,332,500	5,332,500	1,762,903	(3,569,597)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital projects	7,095,985	7,095,985	3,563,636	3,532,349
Total expenditures	7,095,985	7,095,985	3,563,636	3,532,349
Excess of revenue over (under)				
Expenditures	(1,763,485)	(1,763,485)	(1,800,733)	(37,248)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Appropriated reserves	1,763,485	1,763,485	-	(1,763,485)
Transfers in	-	-	6,212,933	6,212,933
Total other financing sources	1,763,485	1,763,485	6,212,933	4,449,448
Net change in fund balances	-	-	4,412,200	4,412,200
Fund balances - beginning	8,769,934	8,769,934	8,769,934	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 8,769,934	\$ 8,769,934	\$ 13,182,134	\$ 4,412,200

# STATISTICAL SECTION



This part of Sussex County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Pages
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	72 - 77
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	78 - 81
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	82 - 85
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time with other governments.	86 - 87
Operating Information  These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information	88 - 90

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal	Year				
						2011		2013	2014 as	_
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	as restated	2012	as restated	restated	2015
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 34,140,268	\$ 43,377,418	\$ 52,193,513	\$ 63,679,024	\$ 65,292,609	\$ 64,237,068	\$ 65,497,373	\$ 69,132,520	\$ 75,152,173	\$ 77,934,592
Restricted	65,642,834	72,996,872	69,968,855	57,250,045	60,450,610	71,431,919	63,990,556	56,534,084	45,203,773	45,429,078
Unrestricted	37,870,448	35,105,979	35,242,364	44,548,346	41,246,130	35,996,462	45,085,253	53,383,613	47,467,328	49,690,896
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 137,653,550	\$ 151,480,269	\$ 157,404,732	\$ 165,477,415	\$ 166,989,349	\$ 171,665,449	\$ 174,573,182	\$ 179,050,217	\$ 167,823,274	\$ 173,054,566
		-					-	-		
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 111,947,402	\$ 150,185,092	\$ 166,434,682	\$ 172,029,870	\$ 176,649,726	\$ 179,296,736	\$ 194,995,829	\$ 202,135,522	\$ 204,051,102	\$ 207,515,115
Restricted	60,903,962	81,095,890	78,027,750	73,884,414	68,805,127	66,569,442	76,634,459	43,172,577	33,313,218	43,858,934
Unrestricted	22,596,611	(5,622,038)	5,367,852	13,801,100	19,829,075	22,997,372	17,427,622	51,458,144	59,033,375	50,704,078
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 195,447,975	\$ 225,658,944	\$ 249,830,284	\$ 259,715,384	\$ 265,283,928	\$ 268,863,550	\$ 289,057,910	\$ 296,766,243	\$ 296,397,695	\$ 302,078,127
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 146,087,670	\$ 193,562,510	\$ 218,628,195	\$ 235,708,894	\$ 241,942,335	\$ 243,533,804	\$ 260,493,202	\$ 271,268,042	\$ 279,203,275	\$ 285,449,707
Restricted	126,546,796	154,092,762	147,996,605	131,134,459	129,255,737	138,001,361	140,625,015	99,706,661	78,516,991	89,288,012
Unrestricted	60,467,059	29,483,941	40,610,216	58,349,446	61,075,205	58,993,834	62,512,875	104,841,757	106,500,703	100,394,974
Total primary government net position	\$ 333,101,525	\$ 377,139,213	\$407,235,016	\$425,192,799	\$432,273,277	\$ 440,528,999	\$ 463,631,092	\$ 475,816,460	\$ 464,220,969	\$ 475,132,693

Note: 1. The governmental activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2011 increased by \$615,000 due to a prior period adjustment.

<sup>2.</sup> The business-type activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2011 decreased by \$2,611,623 due to a prior period adjustment.

<sup>3.</sup> The business-type activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2013 decreased by \$515,921 due to a prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 65.

<sup>4.</sup> The business-type activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2014 decreased by \$6,493,225 and governmental activities decreased by \$23,938,654 due to a prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 68.

### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

					Fisca	l Year				
						2011		2013	2014 as	
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	as restated	2012	as restated	restated	2015
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 11,293,426	\$ 13,627,710	\$ 13,494,301	\$ 9,578,284	\$ 9,640,728	\$ 9,037,273	\$ 10,024,224	\$ 9,697,332	\$ 34,762,582	\$ 11,612,339
Grant-in-aid programs	10,255,326	9,014,248	9,282,188	8,134,600	6,625,144	6,765,994	6,618,896	8,156,799	7,863,936	9,931,773
Planning and zoning	1,208,841	1,430,741	1,512,879	1,289,323	1,246,923	1,251,258	1,202,696	1,212,351	1,091,112	1,208,811
Paramedic program	9,963,348	11,626,354	12,802,503	12,079,831	12,524,387	11,515,259	12,173,161	12,895,383	14,302,991	13,895,165
Emergency preparedness	2,263,691	2,213,396	2,764,937	2,661,089	2,844,581	2,817,992	3,165,648	3,360,129	3,531,682	3,317,424
Economic development and Airpark	1,229,101	1,814,525	1,552,349	1,511,687	1,878,717	2,136,706	2,304,295	2,063,146	2,145,727	2,348,642
County engineer	3,332,568	2,994,201	2,713,328	2,407,043	1,850,683	1,683,158	1,130,783	1,622,080	1,721,971	2,004,463
Library	3,354,026	3,747,511	3,924,788	3,880,816	3,888,755	3,657,643	3,787,237	3,917,395	4,208,141	4,194,436
Community development and housing programs	2,561,943	1,959,365	1,501,117	1,508,755	3,308,765	2,399,951	2,447,571	1,782,197	1,878,873	1,772,497
Constitutional offices	2,372,219	2,486,465	2,630,085	2,449,069	2,315,381	2,161,054	2,493,630	2,429,063	2,459,691	2,419,518
Interest on long-term debt		3,285								
Total governmental activities expenses	47,834,489	50,917,801	52,178,475	45,500,497	46,124,064	43,426,288	45,348,141	47,135,875	73,966,706	52,705,068
Business-type activities:										
Sewer facilities	23,011,584	25,102,767	26,132,596	27,079,247	28,355,108	27,942,561	29,460,133	31,485,165	38,554,376	32,982,881
Water facilities	812,592	852,902	856,120	962,162	928,222	1,016,979	1,078,834	987,917	1,135,520	1,061,361
Total business-type activities expenses	23,824,176	25,955,669	26,988,716	28,041,409	29,283,330	28,959,540	30,538,967	32,473,082	39,689,896	34,044,242
Total primary government expenses	\$ 71,658,665	\$ 76,873,470	\$ 79,167,191	\$ 73,541,906	\$ 75,407,394	\$ 72,385,828	\$ 75,887,108	\$ 79,608,957	\$113,656,602	\$ 86,749,310
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 3,007,205	\$ 2,189,982	\$ 1,549,000	\$ 1,307,616	\$ 1,295,912	\$ 1,238,309	\$ 1,202,641	\$ 1,208,807	\$ 1,758,562	\$ 1,638,637
Planning and zoning	2,782,428	2,079,324	1,599,688	1,098,577	1,130,043	1,148,591	1,242,834	1,392,906	1,628,932	1,672,188
Paramedics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,803
Emergency preparedness	27,485	24,145	17,065	17,655	16,230	15,960	17,500	17,500	17,500	17,500
Economic development and public works	590,635	558,097	550,558	541,885	530,310	671,314	545,324	875,302	455,017	477,689
County engineer	2,681,308	1,206,998	599,865	3,223,485	324,623	281,451	277,841	35,607	744,238	660,738
Library	25,320	26,422	25,911	26,716	19,585	25,991	28,074	553,044	35,359	38,404
Constitutional offices	6,852,532	6,171,154	6,356,764	6,940,930	7,039,506	6,808,811	9,149,173	7,509,071	7,205,590	6,812,782
Operating grants and contributions	7,510,097	7,599,645	6,787,014	7,526,184	8,494,730	7,115,414	7,150,788	6,971,729	6,945,600	6,444,501
Capital grants and contributions	1,166,791	1,494,572	4,475,526	4,727,502	1,499,146	2,102,681	543,802	2,949,213	6,751,045	1,217,668
Total governmental activities program revenues	24,643,801	21,350,339	21,961,391	25,410,550	20,350,085	19,408,522	20,157,977	21,513,179	25,541,843	18,992,910

(continued)

### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE CHANGES IN NET POSITION - CONTINUED LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
					I iscui	2011		2013	2014 as	
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	as restated	2012	as restated	restated	2015
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Sewer facilities	\$ 13,591,594	\$ 13,357,511	\$ 13,750,827	\$ 14,458,789	\$ 14,530,668	\$ 15,536,386	\$ 16,158,500	\$ 17,229,651	\$ 18,900,486	\$ 20,248,738
Water facilities	591,991	635,186	695,038	689,335	740,686	750,785	667,476	808,246	1,240,052	1,223,871
Operating grants and contributions	22,841,920	21,060,417	21,288,672	15,926,530	14,449,833	9,962,936	14,191,817	15,752,444	15,605,163	14,749,008
Capital grants and contributions	17,112,386	17,606,829	12,252,630	5,226,686	4,287,188	5,475,117	18,766,753	5,712,226	2,798,600	3,245,590
Total business-type activities program revenues	54,137,891	52,659,943	47,987,167	36,301,340	34,008,375	31,725,224	49,784,546	39,502,567	38,544,301	39,467,207
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 74,357,162	\$ 75,707,198	\$ 72,630,968	\$ 57,651,679	\$ 55,969,766	\$ 57,135,774	\$ 70,134,631	\$ 58,911,089	\$ 64,086,144	\$ 58,460,117
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(14,316,271)	\$(29,567,462)	\$(30,217,084)	\$(20,089,947)	\$(30,217,084)	\$(20,089,947)	\$(25,190,164)	\$(25,622,696)	\$(48,424,863)	\$(33,712,158)
Business-type activities	34,713,877	26,704,274	20,998,451	10,345,671	7,019,659	3,683,815	19,245,579	7,029,485	(1,145,595)	5,422,965
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ 20,397,606	\$ (2,863,188)	\$ (9,218,633)	\$ (9,744,276)	\$(23,197,425)	\$(16,406,132)	\$ (5,944,585)	\$(18,593,211)	\$(49,570,458)	\$(28,289,193)
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General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 10,692,069	\$ 11,521,348	\$ 12,315,444	\$ 12,763,282	\$ 13,040,252	\$ 13,843,603	\$ 13,540,463	\$ 12,706,792	\$ 14,110,356	\$ 14,339,081
Capitation taxes	241,699	240,030	247,041	252,741	253,785	259,229	-	-	-	-
Fire service taxes	2,093,729	1,535,864	1,106,321	758,837	791,472	821,702	898,335	1,041,506	1,253,792	1,280,085
Realty transfer taxes	35,269,800	27,058,083	20,636,949	13,621,270	13,141,813	14,310,725	14,282,093	17,422,525	20,894,160	22,212,933
Unrestricted investment earnings	4,216,741	5,829,443	4,379,147	2,157,202	824,259	212,684	302,903	(318,529)	949,002	820,263
Transfers	(6,297,450)	(2,790,587)	(2,543,355)	(1,390,702)	(765,668)	(754,077)	(925,897)	(752,563)	(9,390)	291,088
Total governmental activities	46,216,588	43,394,181	36,141,547	28,162,630	27,285,913	28,693,866	28,097,897	30,099,731	37,197,920	38,943,450
Business-type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	802,160	716,108	629,534	234,467	77,831	59,861	22,884	(73,715)	767,657	548,555
Transfers	6,297,450	2,790,587	2,543,355	1,390,702	765,668	754,077	925,897	752,563	9,390	(291,088)
Total business-type activities	7,099,610	3,506,695	3,172,889	1,625,169	843,499	813,938	948,781	678,848	777,047	257,467
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 53,316,198	\$ 46,900,876	\$ 39,314,436	\$ 29,787,799	\$ 28,129,412	\$ 29,507,804	\$ 29,046,678	\$ 30,778,579	\$ 37,974,967	\$ 39,200,917
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 31,900,317	\$ 13,826,719	\$ 5,924,463	\$ 8,072,683	\$ (2,931,171)	\$ 8,603,919	\$ 2,907,733	\$ 4,477,035	\$(11,226,943)	\$ 5,231,292
Business-type activities	41,813,487	30,210,969	24,171,340	11,970,840	7,863,158	4,497,753	20,194,360	7,708,333	(368,548)	5,680,432
Total primary government	\$ 73,713,804	\$ 44,037,688	\$ 30,095,803	\$ 20,043,523	\$ 4,931,987	\$ 13,101,672	\$ 23,102,093	\$ 12,185,368	\$(11,595,491)	\$ 10,911,724

Notes: 1. Airport expenses and charges for services for years 2006 through 2009 are included in economic development and airpark line, due to this department being combined with the industrial park in fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

- 2. The governmental activities fund balance for fiscal year ending 2011 increased by \$615,000 due to a prior period adjustment.
- 3. The business-type activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2011 decreased by \$2,611,623 due to a prior period adjustment.
- 4. The business-type activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2013 decreased by \$515,921 due to a prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 65.
- 5. The business-type activities net position balance for fiscal year ending 2014 decreased by \$6,493,225 and governmental activities decreased by \$23,938,654 due to a prior period adjustment for implementation of GASB 68.

### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2013 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2014 2015 General Fund \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Reserved \$ 56,560,314 \$ 64,675,385 \$ 67,436,807 \$ 61,679,946 \$ 61,988,419 Unreserved Designated 11,257,954 3,859,850 2,078,768 2,413,855 2,706,165 Undesignated 13,254,683 9,885,684 4,955,974 9,445,728 9,420,145 Nonspendable 140,442 96,678 106,411 106,540 452,748 Restricted 53,084,094 47,914,815 44,739,045 45,203,773 42,832,105 Committed 598,598 837,696 1,308,577 778,755 798,817 Assigned 6,641,109 4,441,378 4,044,652 7,258,754 7,168,799 Unassigned 16,839,957 34,229,654 24,867,662 30,602,046 35,922,102 Total general fund \$ 81,072,951 \$ 78,420,919 \$ 75,098,946 \$ 73,204,442 \$ 73,822,419 \$ 77,304,200 \$ 78,158,229 \$ 80,800,731 \$ 87,577,476 \$ 87,174,571 All Other Governmental Funds Reserved \$ 21,203,720 \$ 27,760,247 \$ 27,461,371 \$ 20,188,022 \$ 17,815,212 Unreserved - Capital Projects Designated 53,901 Undesignated (711,332)(416,723) (265,565)Restricted 17,565,595 16,075,741 11,795,039 8,769,934 13,182,134 Unassigned (10,911)\$ 17,554,684 Total all other governmental funds \$ 21,203,720 \$ 27,814,148 \$ 26,750,039 \$ 19,771,299 \$ 17,549,647 \$ 16,075,741 \$ 11,795,039 \$ 8,769,934 \$ 13,182,134

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in 2011, the previous six years data for new categories is not available.

### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues										
Taxes	\$48,235,257	\$40,296,411	\$34,242,130	\$27,291,166	\$27,147,412	\$28,563,428	\$28,759,847	\$31,206,399	\$36,190,956	\$37,942,825
Intergovernmental	6,906,650	8,341,011	9,715,239	11,177,316	8,933,970	7,543,959	6,861,928	8,219,487	13,675,053	7,133,803
Charges for services	16,295,120	12,310,437	10,719,989	10,325,117	10,386,570	10,318,704	12,821,849	11,782,244	12,131,800	11,658,482
Fines and forfeits	29,195	25,607	24,593	23,971	20,225	26,170	28,074	23,179	21,727	26,545
Miscellaneous	5,300,742	6,847,662	5,800,939	3,638,590	1,548,279	852,202	553,073	(102,807)	1,380,905	1,464,310
Total revenues	76,766,964	67,821,128	60,502,890	52,456,160	48,036,456	47,304,463	49,024,771	51,128,502	63,400,441	58,225,965
Expenditures										
General government	13,653,314	13,944,902	14,587,416	12,109,120	10,356,155	9,471,349	11,897,318	10,325,453	11,458,396	11,836,055
Grant-in-aid programs	10,255,326	9,414,248	9,282,188	8,284,600	6,625,144	6,765,994	6,618,896	8,156,799	7,863,936	9,931,773
Planning and zoning	1,194,608	1,460,495	1,524,715	1,279,394	1,233,292	1,239,740	1,190,358	1,239,222	1,173,316	1,206,406
Paramedic program	10,196,835	11,961,544	13,213,202	12,520,985	12,272,121	11,274,004	12,073,309	12,426,866	13,989,270	13,642,338
Emergency preparedness	2,053,559	2,188,091	2,585,285	2,305,965	2,467,390	2,425,889	2,703,131	2,944,307	3,351,005	3,043,865
Economic development and airpark	925,222	986,140	922,685	913,528	908,510	1,200,621	1,156,267	1,198,076	1,199,384	1,149,845
County engineer	3,010,396	2,952,789	2,704,747	2,391,805	1,874,153	1,689,824	1,608,213	1,608,136	1,968,808	2,076,929
Library	3,267,209	3,681,719	3,871,076	3,709,309	3,725,242	3,483,833	3,576,348	3,747,165	3,934,424	3,926,313
Community development										
and housing programs	2,563,573	1,965,771	1,501,809	1,509,447	3,308,909	2,394,101	2,544,468	1,749,543	1,847,707	1,738,379
Constitutional offices	2,387,371	2,500,483	2,685,563	2,442,663	2,315,419	2,137,974	2,485,535	2,479,689	2,427,662	2,392,219
Capital projects	7,040,918	10,126,509	9,535,878	12,477,328	3,788,128	980,239	2,869,945	6,408,883	10,155,503	3,563,636
Total expenditures	56,548,331	61,182,691	62,414,564	59,944,144	48,874,463	43,063,568	48,723,788	52,284,139	59,369,411	54,507,758
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	20,218,633	6,638,437	(1,911,674)	(7,487,984)	(838,007)	4,240,895	300,983	(1,155,637)	4,031,030	3,718,207
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of debt	44,339	110,546	68,947	5,442	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	8,921,148	13,914,628	4,301,295	166,082	54,213	55,151	53,891	53,966	828,713	6,589,521
Transfers out	(15,218,598)	(16,705,215)	(6,844,650)	(1,556,784)	(819,881)	(809,228)	(979,788)	(806,529)	(838,103)	(6,298,433)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,253,111)	(2,680,041)	(2,474,408)	(1,385,260)	(765,668)	(754,077)	(925,897)	(752,563)	(9,390)	291,088
Net change in fund balances	\$13,965,522	\$ 3,958,396	\$ (4,386,082)	\$ (8,873,244)	\$ (1,603,675)	\$ 3,486,818	\$ (624,914)	\$ (1,908,200)	\$ 4,021,640	\$ 4,009,295
iver change in fund balances	\$13,903,322	φ 3,936,390	φ (4,360,082)	φ (0,073,244)	φ (1,003,073)	φ 3,400,010	φ (024,914)	φ (1,900,200)	φ 4,021,040	φ 4,009,293
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
noncapital expellutures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

**Note:** Airport expenses and charges for services for years 2006 through 2009 are included in economic development and airpark line, due to this department being combined with the industrial park in fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

Year Ended	Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		
June 30, 1978	\$ 3,017,587	\$ 2,944,327	\$ 73,260		
June 30, 1979	3,211,534	3,327,193	(115,659)		
June 30, 1980	3,412,108	4,030,506	(618,398)		
June 30, 1981	4,132,559	4,514,093	(381,534)		
June 30, 1982	5,396,279	5,353,716	42,563		
June 30, 1983	5,960,285	5,575,652	384,633		
June 30, 1984	7,368,435	6,505,440	862,995		
June 30, 1985	7,195,223	7,062,005	133,218		
June 30, 1986	8,092,891	7,332,618	760,273		
June 30, 1987	8,083,881	8,223,857	(139,976)		
June 30, 1988	8,747,945	8,038,906	709,039		
June 30, 1989	8,785,091	8,498,335	286,756		
June 30, 1990	9,450,906	9,813,082	(362,176)		
fune 30, 1991	11,194,437	10,849,623	344,814		
June 30, 1992	13,638,160	12,496,815	1,141,345		
June 30, 1993	15,702,048	14,788,446	913,602		
une 30, 1994	17,400,655	15,609,340	1,791,315		
une 30, 1995	18,691,048	16,649,804	2,041,244		
une 30, 1996	19,839,629	18,335,025	1,504,604		
une 30, 1997	20,657,168	18,887,201	1,769,967		
fune 30, 1998	22,748,561	19,577,032	3,171,529		
June 30, 1999	27,986,124	21,058,512	6,927,612		
June 30, 2000	31,943,432	27,905,314	4,038,118		
June 30, 2001	33,372,782	30,856,476	2,516,306		
June 30, 2002	40,317,598	34,062,609	6,254,989		
June 30, 2003	47,788,332	35,256,669	12,531,663		
June 30, 2004	59,473,814	48,051,724	11,422,090		
June 30, 2005	68,771,872	56,968,164	11,803,708		
June 30, 2006	75,629,821	64,726,011	10,903,810		
June 30, 2007	65,109,365	67,761,397	(2,652,032)		
June 30, 2008	56,401,363	59,723,336	(3,321,973)		
June 30, 2009	47,129,096	49,023,600	(1,894,504)		
June 30, 2010	46,524,193	45,906,216	617,977		
June 30, 2011	46,374,338	42,892,557	3,481,781		
June 30, 2012	47,687,660	46,833,631	854,029		
June 30, 2013	49,054,287	46,681,785	2,372,502		
June 30, 2014	57,098,756	50,052,011	7,046,745		
June 30, 2015	56,839,650	57,242,555	(402,905)		

## SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Business	Agriculture Property	Trailer	Other	Less: Tax - Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2006	\$1,788,672,680	\$ 358,027,255	\$111,038,978	\$ 112,213,158	\$ 191,692,422	\$216,246,316	\$2,345,398,177	\$0.445	\$36,083,048,877	6.5%
2007	1,942,430,139	367,785,080	113,725,678	111,714,076	202,949,661	218,117,769	2,520,486,865	0.445	39,630,296,619	6.4%
2008	2,101,384,126	406,044,024	115,469,649	113,419,034	200,009,962	222,961,073	2,713,365,722	0.445	39,424,140,899	6.9%
2009	2,197,966,019	418,057,225	116,526,199	113,690,921	208,199,836	230,109,902	2,824,330,298	0.445	36,537,261,294	7.7%
2010	2,250,982,140	433,413,708	117,458,414	113,085,347	216,129,487	238,465,723	2,892,603,373	0.445	34,791,957,818	8.3%
2011	2,298,908,548	422,542,584	117,910,978	112,535,610	218,265,711	239,297,617	2,930,865,814	0.445	34,159,275,221	8.6%
2012	2,359,822,403	426,432,740	116,547,528	113,228,365	222,019,046	241,807,940	2,996,242,142	0.445	33,402,922,430	9.0%
2013	2,406,619,888	422,465,283	117,246,528	113,008,160	226,056,896	244,977,619	3,040,419,136	0.445	33,411,199,291	9.1%
2014	2,450,287,060	427,920,126	117,594,308	112,225,430	224,673,246	225,892,895	3,106,807,275	0.445	34,907,946,910	8.9%
2015	2,503,649,158	428,637,368	118,375,983	111,485,805	226,254,961	242,988,200	3,145,415,075	0.445	37,135,951,299	8.5%

### **Notes:**

- 1. Assessed values reflect the values utilized for initial property tax billings for each fiscal year, which are based on the June 30 assessments.
- 2. Real property is appraised based on 1973 market values.
- 3. The assessed value is 50% of the appraised value.
- 4. Assessed value ratio estimates were developed by the University of Delaware.
- 5. Assessed values are based on taxable assessments.

**Sources:** Sussex County Assessment Division and University of Delaware.

	Year Taxes Are Payable										
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
County Direct											
County Tax	\$ 0.4017	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	\$ 0.3983	
Library	0.0433	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	0.0467	
Total direct rate	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	0.4450	
School Districts											
Cape Henlopen	2.9980	2.9980	2.8770	2.6660	2.5670	2.5670	2.5670	2.9770	2.9770	3.0710	
Delmar	3.2000	3.1500	3.1500	3.1400	3.1200	3.1200	3.3100	3.7574	3.8094	3.6394	
Indian River	2.4470	2.5450	2.4750	2.5550	2.5700	2.5700	2.6250	2.6230	2.7430	2.6930	
Laurel	2.3900	2.3900	2.3900	2.4900	2.4900	2.4900	2.9810	3.6050	3.5890	3.6960	
Milford	3.3978	3.5468	3.5803	3.5101	3.6986	3.6986	3.6304	3.4659	3.5870	3.4783	
Seaford	3.2300	3.2300	3.2300	3.2300	3.2900	3.2900	3.3200	3.3200	3.3600	3.2000	
Woodbridge	3.3280	3.2950	3.2950	3.2850	3.2810	3.2810	3.4820	3.7240	3.6900	3.6170	
Vo-Tech	0.2269	0.2363	0.2480	0.2676	0.2666	0.2666	0.2737	0.2811	0.2599	0.2728	
Town Rates (2)											
Bethany Beach	0.0800	0.1600	0.1600	0.1650	0.1650	0.1650	0.1700	0.1700	0.1750	0.1750	
Bethel	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	
Blades	1.4000	1.4000	1.4000	1.4000	1.4000	1.4000	1.4000	0.7000	0.7000	0.7000	
Bridgeville	1.7300	1.7300	1.7300	1.7300	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.0000	2.4000	2.4000	
Dagsboro	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.5600	0.5600	0.5600	
Dagsbolo Delmar	1.3100	1.3100	0.4000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5200	0.5200	0.5400	
Dewey Beach	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	
Ellendale	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	
Fenwick Island	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	1.9200	
Frankford	1.7500	1.9500	2.0500	2.2000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	
Georgetown	2.5300	2.5300	2.5300	2.5300	2.9300	3.1400	3.1400	3.1400	3.1700	3.1700	
Greenwood	1.2000	1.4000	1.7000	1.7000	1.8000	1.8000	1.8000	1.8000	1.8000	1.8000	
Henlopen Acres	1.8800	1.8800	1.8800	2.1700	2.1700	2.1700	2.6200	2.6200	2.6200	2.6200	
Laurel	1.9100	1.9100	1.9100	1.9100	2.0800	2.0800	2.2000	2.2900	2.2900	2.0800	
Lewes	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.4900	0.4900	0.5700	0.5700	0.5700	0.5700	0.5700	
Milford	0.4100	0.4100	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600	
Millsboro	0.5100	0.5100	0.5100	0.5100	0.5600	0.5600	0.5600	0.5600	0.5600	0.5600	
Millville	0.2000	0.2000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	
Milton	0.4100	0.4100	0.4100	0.4100	0.1800	0.1800	0.2160	0.2160	0.2160	0.2400	
Ocean View	0.5000	0.0981	0.0981	0.1059	0.1144	0.1230	0.1588	0.1588	0.1620	0.1652	
Rehoboth Beach	1.5500	1.5500	1.5500	1.5500	1.5500	1.7800	1.7800	1.7800	0.4000	0.4000	
Seaford	0.5700	0.5700	0.2650	0.2800	0.2900	0.2900	0.3000	0.3100	0.3100	0.3100	
Selbyville	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	1.8500	
Slaughter Beach	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	
South Bethany	0.6500	0.6500	0.6500	1.3000	1.3000	1.3000	1.3000	1.3000	1.3000	1.3000	

### Notes:

- 1. The above rates are per \$100 of assessed value.
- 2. The town rate shown for Bethany Beach, Blades, Dagsboro, Delmar, Lewes, Milford, Millsboro, Milton, Ocean View, Rehoboth Beach, and Seaford are based on assessments established by the individual towns. The other town rates are based on County assessments.

Sources: The Sussex County Department of Finance, Treasury Division, University of Delaware and various Sussex County Towns' offices.

	Fis	cal Year	2015	Fiscal Year 2006			
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	
Verizon	\$ 38,474,375	1	1.22%	\$ 35,344,775	1	1.51%	
Delmarva Power & Light Co.	28,636,168	2	0.91	20,640,356	2	0.88	
Indian River Power LLC	12,786,471	3	0.41	12,765,771	3	0.54	
Eastern Shore Natural Gas Co.	9,196,647	4	0.29	3,231,922	8	0.14	
E. I. duPont de Nemours Company	6,827,200	5	0.22	9,261,400	4	0.39	
Chesapeake Utilities Corporation	5,874,337	6	0.19	3,371,666	7	0.14	
Delaware Electric Cooperative, Inc.	5,423,136	7	0.17	4,573,843	5	0.20	
Allen Harim Farms LLC	4,803,150	8	0.15	-		-	
Mountaire Farms of Delaware, Inc.	4,154,800	9	0.13	4,354,200	6	0.19	
BRE DDR BR Peninsula Delaware,	3,939,150	10	0.13	-	-	-	
M & T Bank	-	-	-	3,135,800	9	0.13	
Pinnacle Foods				2,798,600	10	0.12	
	\$120,115,434		3.82%	\$ 99,478,333		4.24%	

Sources: Sussex County Government Data Processing and Assessment Departments, Georgetown, Delaware.

### SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Taxes Levied		Collected v Fiscal Year		Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	for Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	Adjustments	Total Adjusted Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy
2006	\$ 10,686,666	\$ 175,555	\$ 10,862,221	\$ 10,584,949	97.4%	\$ 254,289	\$ 10,839,238	99.8%
2007	11,468,314	217,171	11,685,485	11,403,418	97.6	254,142	11,657,560	99.8
2008	12,329,504	140,690	12,470,194	12,206,827	97.9	230,071	12,436,898	99.7
2009	12,827,188	85,976	12,913,164	12,580,435	97.4	291,453	12,871,888	99.7
2010	13,134,779	56,957	13,191,736	12,842,730	97.4	297,449	13,140,179	99.6
2011	13,307,922	62,530	13,370,452	13,034,973	97.5	272,250	13,307,223	99.5
2012	13,333,291	64,275	13,397,566	13,129,170	98.0	197,140	13,326,310	99.5
2013	12,522,798	63,224	12,586,022	12,314,220	97.8	177,512	12,314,220	97.8
2014	13,751,888	24,327	13,776,215	13,505,584	98.0	140,772	13,646,356	99.1
2015	13,998,509	145,938	14,144,447	13,737,879	98.1	-	13,737,879	97.1

### **Notes:**

1. Total tax levy includes initial annual levy plus quarterly supplemental additions.

2. The property tax levy for fiscal year 2013 is shown net of \$1,007,067 credit applied to eligible taxpayers based on .0035% of property assessment value.

Source: Sussex County Treasury Division.

	Gove	rnmental Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities				
Fiscal Year	Capital Leases		General Obligation Bonds	Sewer Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	
2006	\$	181,346	\$131,143,301	\$26,926,565	\$ 158,251,212	2.80%	\$ 878	
2007		165,271	132,717,532	25,473,714	158,356,517	2.64	862	
2008		136,587	135,651,951	23,983,931	159,772,469	2.49	847	
2009		72,862	137,744,448	22,453,203	160,270,513	2.41	835	
2010		17,987	143,660,628	20,892,734	164,571,349	2.41	835	
2011		-	170,158,954	19,284,788	189,443,742	2.70	944	
2012		-	159,993,470	17,643,028	177,636,498	2.32	873	
2013		-	172,319,678	-	172,319,678	*	834	
2014		-	159,460,288	-	159,460,288	*	*	
2015		-	157,980,947	-	157,980,947	*	*	

**Note:** The personal income and population data information is presented on the demographic and economic

<sup>\*</sup> Figures not available

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
School Districts:			
Cape Henlopen	\$ 25,963,060	100%	\$ 25,963,060
Delmar	1,270,405	100%	1,270,405
Howard T Ennis, Sr.	518,875	100%	518,875
Indian River	27,387,565	100%	27,387,565
Laurel	26,207,570	100%	26,207,570
Milford	12,998,570	59%	7,669,156
Seaford	12,038,965	100%	12,038,965
Sussex Tech	10,321,810	100%	10,321,810
Woodbridge	15,411,195	99%	15,257,083
<b>Total School Districts</b>			126,634,489
Municipalities:			
Delmar	391,954	100%	391,954
Dewey Beach	316,973	100%	316,973
Lewes	7,215,000	100%	7,215,000
Milford	92,261	59%	54,434
Rehoboth Beach	1,583,836	100%	1,583,836
<b>Total Municipalities</b>			9,562,197
Subtotal, overlapping debt			136,196,686
County direct debt			
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 136,196,686

Notes: 1. This report includes general obligation debt. It does not include revenue bonds or short-term debt.

Sources: Sussex County Department of Finance, Delaware State Treasurer's Office, and Sussex County Towns.

<sup>2.</sup> Sussex County does not have any governmental activity general bonded debt.

Legal debt margin calculation for fiscal year 2015

Assessed value \$ 3,258,466,249

Debt limit (12% of assessed value) Total net debt applicable to limit 391,015,950 157,980,947

Legal debt margin

\$ 233,035,003

	Fiscal Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General obligation bonds	\$ 131,143,301	\$ 132,717,532	\$ 135,651,951	\$ 137,744,448	\$ 143,660,628	\$ 170,158,954	\$ 159,993,470	\$ 172,319,678	\$ 159,460,288	\$ 157,980,947
Percentage of estimated actual property value	0.37%	0.34%	0.35%	0.35%	0.41%	0.50%	0.47%	0.50%	0.46%	0.46%
Per capita	\$ 727	\$ 722	\$ 719	\$ 717	\$ 729	\$ 848	\$ 787	\$ 834	*	*
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	131,143,301	132,717,532	135,651,951	137,744,448	143,660,628	170,158,954	159,993,470	172,319,678	159,460,288	157,980,947
Legal debt limit	303,961,496	302,316,074	339,750,295	347,637,021	352,113,820	359,533,606	364,850,297	370,830,620	377,449,813	391,015,950
Legal debt margin	\$ 172,818,195	\$ 169,598,542	\$ 204,098,344	\$ 209,892,573	\$ 208,453,192	\$ 189,374,652	\$ 204,856,827	\$ 198,510,942	\$ 217,989,525	\$ 233,035,003
Total net debt applicable to the as a percentage of debt limi		43.90%	39.93%	39.62%	40.80%	47.33%	43.85%	46.47%	42.25%	40.40%

### Notes:

- 1. The statutory limitation for debt is 12% of the assessed value of taxable property as of June 30, 2015.
- 2. The personal income and population data information is presented on the demographic and economic statistics schedule.
- 3. Sussex County does not have any governmental activity general bonded debt.

Source: Sussex County Assessment Division.

<sup>\*</sup> Figures not available

	Sewer Revenue Bonds								
	Utility	Less:	Net			_			
Fiscal	Service	Operating	Available	Debt S	Service				
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage			
2006	\$ 13,550,763	\$ 2,140,366	\$ 11,410,397	\$ 1,293,972	\$ 991,553	4.99			
2007	11,272,131	2,804,306	8,467,825	1,455,446	860,325	3.66			
2008	11,999,456	2,743,615	9,255,841	1,492,378	825,293	3.99			
2009	10,416,204	2,899,406	7,516,798	1,529,488	789,210	3.24			
2010	9,406,784	3,068,983	6,337,801	1,561,781	752,067	2.74			
2011	9,372,308	2,858,014	6,514,294	1,609,258	712,214	2.81			
2012	9,972,970	2,769,722	7,203,248	1,646,921	670,863	3.11			
2013	10,044,481	2,645,099	7,399,382	1,689,775	628,384	3.19			
2014	-	-	-	-	-	0.00			
2015	-	-	-	-	-	0.00			

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Operating expenses do not include depreciation or interest expense, as per the bond indenture.
- 2. Utility service charges do not include capitalization fees, or capital contributions.
- 3. Debt service requirement reflects minimum amounts due for revenue bonds. It does not include any debt service amounts for additional bonds which are paid from district funds and are general obligation bonds. It does not include accrued interest. It does not include interest capitalized prior to the initial date of operations, December 29, 1995.
- 4. The coverage requirement per Bond resolutions is 1.25.
- 5. In April 1994, the County issued \$ 19,000,000 in revenue bonds which were advance refunded in December 1995 by revenue bonds totaling \$ 20,825,000. In 2006 the County refinanced the December 1995 issue for the Series 2005 revenue bond issue for \$ 18,500,000.
- 6. In April 1994, the County issued \$ 13,000,000 and \$ 4,000,000 in revenue bonds to the State of Delaware program. Debt service for these SRF bonds is based on level debt service payments.
- 7. The West Rehoboth system was under construction during fiscal year 1993, 1994 and 1995 and was placed in service on December 29, 1995. Receipt of revenues began during fiscal year 1996. Debt service paid prior to then was paid from capital funding. Interest was capitalized until fiscal year 1996.
- 8. In April 2013, Series 2005 revenue bonds were paid off and Subordinated Obiliations have been released due to obligation pay off.
- 9. The following revenue bond issues are included here as part of the debt service requirements:

		Issuance Amou		
a.	Series 2005 revenue bonds	\$	18,500,000	
b.	Subordinated Obligations 1994 SRF-A		13,000,000	
c.	Subordinated Obligations 1994 SRF-B		4,000,000	

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (2)	Per	Capita rsonal ome (2)	Median Age (3)	Public School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)
2006	180,275	\$ 5,650,513	\$	31,385	41.8	24,531	3.1%
2007	183,798	6,001,783		32,647	42.1	24,818	3.0%
2008	188,597	6,425,940		33,881	41.9	25,104	4.1%
2009	192,019	6,637,087		34,434	44.4	25,307	7.8%
2010	197,145	6,830,250		34,512	45.4	25,704	7.9%
2011	200,771	7,009,239		34,988	45.1	24,205	7.2%
2012	203,390	7,660,479		37,664	45.4	24,560	5.9%
2013	206,649	7,968,480		38,560	45.9	25,649	6.5%
2014	210,849	*		*	*	25,564	5.4%
2015	*	*		*	*	26,397	4.4%

Note: Total personal income is in thousands of dollars.

#### **Sources:**

- 1. U.S. Bureau of the Census and Delaware Population Consortium.
- 2. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- 3. U.S. Bureau of the Census, American Community Survey.
- 4. Delaware Department of Education.
- 5. Office of Occupational & Labor Market Information.

<sup>\*</sup> Figures not available

	2015			2006			
Type of Employer	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	
Retail trade	11,245	1	16.5%	10,418	2	15.5%	
Health care and social assistance	10,669	2	15.7	8,117	3	12.0	
Manufacturing	9,648	3	14.2	12,125	1	18.0	
Government	8,400	4	12.4	7,305	5	10.8	
Accommodation and food services	8,240	5	12.1	6,787	4	10.1	
Construction	4,031	6	5.9	6,280	6	9.3	
Administrative and waste services	3,069	7	4.5	2,524	8	3.7	
Other services, except public administration	2,263	8	3.3	2,265	9	3.4	
Professional and technical services	1,855	9	2.7	-	10	0.0	
Finance and insurance	1,649	10	2.4	2,744		4.1	
Real Estate, Rental and Leasing	0		0.0	1,814	7	2.7	
	61,069		89.7%	60,379		89.6%	

#### **Notes:**

- 1. Data reported is for first quarter of the respective year.
- 2. Top employer information is deemed confidential pursuant to 20 Code of Federal regulations Part 603.

**Source**: Delaware Department of Labor Office of Occupational & Labor Market Information.

# SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30 **Function/Program** General government General administration Finance **Human Resources** Buildings and grounds Information Technology County constable Planning and zoning Paramedic program Emergency preparedness Economic development and public works County engineer Library Community development and housing programs Constitutional offices Total

Source: Sussex County Accounting Department.

# SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	l Year				
Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Planning and Zoning										
Permits issued	11,299	0.906	9 126	6.552	6 202	6 650	6.050	7 172	7.602	0 200
Fermits Issued	11,299	9,896	8,436	6,553	6,302	6,658	6,959	7,172	7,693	8,288
Public Safety										
Paramedic incidents dispatched	11,955	12,701	13,759	13,500	13,697	14,077	14,260	15,018	15,219	15,929
911 calls	94,858	99,659	104,623	97,230	103,107	105,776	108,301	105,137	110,139	113,549
Sewer and Water Services										
Sewer customers, EDU's billed	50,809	53,439	56,200	57,673	59,154	60,167	62,431	64,456	65,735	67,410
Water customers, EDU's billed	3,543	3,553	3,574	3,600	3,611	3,613	3,631	3,688	3,676	3,699
Libraries										
Circulation	1,137,880	1,170,327	1,221,697	1,299,830	1,234,407	1,147,886	1,406,166	1,387,038	1,361,586	1,347,386
Industrial Airpark										
Number of businesses	20	20	18	18	18	17	17	19	20	21
Number of jobs provided by business	860	944	1,048	989	842	961	881	870	875	880
Number of landings (1)	17,508	19,259	20,222	20,000	20,000	17,500	18,000	17,900	18,000	17,500

# Note:

**Source:** Individual Sussex County Departments.

<sup>1.</sup> The number of landings is an estimated provided by Sussex County Airport Department.

# SUSSEX COUNTY, DELAWARE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public Safety										
Paramedic stations	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Volunteer fire and ambulance companies	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Additional state police officers funded by County	28	32	36	40	40	40	40	44	44	44
Sewer and Water Services										
Miles of underground sanitary sewer pipe	655	682	747	770	778	811	846	856	856	865
Number of feet of ocean outfall sewer pipe	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,500	6,670	6,670
Pump stations	370	384	397	418	428	437	440	449	461	487
Lagoon treatment facilities with land application	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Tertiary treatment facility with ocean discharge	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Libraries										
Directly administered	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of County funded, with independent board	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Bookmobiles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Airport										
Paved runway footage	7,330	7,330	7,330	7,330	8,109	8,109	8,109	8,109	8,609	8,609
Number of hangars	27	28	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Number of runways	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

**Source:** Individual Sussex County Departments.

# SINGLE AUDIT SUPPLEMENT



Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Direct Programs: Rural Housing Preservation Grants	10.433	HPG 12-13 HPG 13-14	63,419
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760		323,507
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			386,926
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed through State - Delaware State Housing Authority: Community Development Block Grants/ State's Program	14.228	CD 03-13 CD 03-14	987,471
Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP 1)		NSP 03-08	69,048
Total Community Development Block Grants/ State's Program			1,056,519
ARRA - Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP 2)	14.256	NSP 03-09	37,724
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	HM 03-13 HM 03-14	280,455
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBADEVELOPMENT	AN		1,374,698
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Direct Program: Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-10-0007-027-11 3-10-0007-028-12 3-10-0007-029-13 3-10-0007-030-14	995,859
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			995,859
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY  Passed through State - Delaware Emergency Management Agency Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMPG-14-003 EMPG-15-003	200,224
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	FEMA-DR-4090-DE-009 FEMA-DR-4090-DE-010 FEMA-DR-4090-DE-012 FEMA-DR-4090-DE-014	
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	2013	5,111
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECUR	ITY		206,875

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGEN	NCY		
Pass through State - Delaware Department of Natural Resources &			
Environmental Control:			
Capitalization Grants for State Revolving Funds	66.458		59,637
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL			
PROTECTION AGENCY			59,637
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$3,023,995

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all Federal financial assistance programs of Sussex County, Delaware (the County). The County's reporting entity is defined in Note A of the notes to basic financial statements. Federal awards that are passed through other governmental agencies are included on the schedule. Matching funds are excluded from the schedule and program income generated from federal grants is classified as federal expenditures when spent.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which are described in Note A of the notes to basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organization*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### **NOTE B - LOANS**

The County had the following federal expenditures that have been or will be funded by loans from the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for the year ended June 30, 2015.

	Federal CFDA		
Program Title	Number	Loan Amount	
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	\$	273.440
Community Development Block Grants/ State's Program	66.458	Ψ	59,637

# **NOTE C - LOANS OUTSTANDING**

Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP 1)

The County administers low-income housing loan programs under the Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants for CFDA No. 14.228. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2015 is \$944,938 of which \$34,118 is included in the current fiscal year's federal expenditure balance for that program.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the County Council of Sussex County, Delaware Georgetown, Delaware

# Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Sussex County's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.



# Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BOD USA, LLP

December 21, 2015



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

The County Council of Sussex County, Delaware Georgetown, Delaware

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sussex County, Delaware (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2015.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BOD USA, LLP

December 21, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results					
<u>Financial Statements</u>					
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmo	dified		
Internal control over financial reporting:					
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li></ul>		yes	X	_no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified		yes	X	_none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statemen	ts noted?	yes	X	_no	
Federal Awards Section					
Internal control over major programs:					
<ul><li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li></ul>		yes	X	_no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified		yes	X	_none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:  Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with OMB	r	Unmodified			
Circular A-133, section .510(a)?	_	yes	X	_no	
Identification of major programs: <a href="https://creativecommons.org/creativecommons.com/creativecommons.org/">CFDA/Contract Number</a>	Name of Fed	deral Progran	m or Cl	<u>uster</u>	
20.106	Airport	Improvemen	it Grant	t	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$300	0,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X yes		_no	
Section II - Financial Statement Findings					
None.					
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned	Costs				
None.					

There were no prior year Federal award findings or questioned costs required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.